

Volume XXVII.

LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1879.

AGRICULTURAL. KENTUCKY FARM NEWS.

ALLEN COUNTY.

Lightning lately killed three horses and a mule, belonging to Mr. Durham Tracy.

MONROE. Corn crops are doing well now; grass is growing, and stock on the up grade. All owing to recent fine rains. Mr. Wm. Oliver wants to buy 500 sheep in this county. Old corn is worth 50c per bushel, and wheat 75c. Mr. M. E. Harlow and J. L. Eubank are feeding 80 hogs for September market.

A very damaging hail storm passed through this county, near the Metcalfe county line, last week.—Mr. Josiah Newland proposes to make an entry into the annual big hog show this fall. He has also a yield of over show this fall. He has also a yield of over half a bushel of white Russian rye, from one ewe, weighed 275 lbs. quart sown last fall.

Messrs. Henry and B. Mills Parrish had their wheat crops burned in the stack a few days ago. —Mr. B. B. Gaddie is called the "blue ribbon" farmer of Hart. His crop of tobacco soldat \$9 to \$60 per hundred.

A fine corn crop is assured around Hardyville

MARION. Standard: Jos. Spaulding bought 30 mules, 3 to 5 years old, at an average of \$80, also of Felix McAtee 12 two year old mules, fat, to be delivered before Sept. 10, for \$1,300.

Thos. Spaulding lately bought of J. Howard

two year old mules at \$55 per head.

A. Those Sept. 10, for \$1,300. Times correspondent at Raywick says Ed. Thompson, Jos. Martin and several other farmers on Rolling Fork have corn fields that will make 75 bushels to the acre.—A.
Rawlings sold to J. W. Coppage 65 hogs at
\$2 per cwt.——Turnip seed came up on a
piece of ground near Bradfordsville that was broken this season the first time in twentynine years. The seed were preserved in the ground all this time.

One dollar and seventy-five cents a head per month is paid for grazing cattle, and still the Observer says they haven't enough stock for the grass. — Mr. A. S. McCann sold, last week, 1,050 bushels cleaned orchard grass seed at \$1 per bushel. — Mr. D. C. Terhune has bought this season over 100 mule. hune has bought this season over 100 mule

etc., first class.

a meeting at Lexington September 2.

The farmers around Walnut Hill have com lot of hogs for what he puts on them.-

James G. Williams sold privately to a Ten- other. nessee party 50 Cotswold yearlings. The best brought near \$20 per head. — The Democrat says good mule colts are scarcer in Clark than ever known before. A demand for them insures good prices. — There will be a decrease in the number of horse fattered this fall.

F. W. Houston has sold to J. T. and Will F. Neal 150 grade ewes at \$5 per head, and 100 lambs at \$4.—The wheat crop of 1879 is estimated to be 300,000 bushels, 250,-000 bushels of which has been sold for about tion, I think, should be, "Which brings

Lightning killed two horses for Mr. Jas. district, for a term of years, at \$2,250 per year.—The Midway Clipper says Colonel R. West has sold his farm near Georgetown, 530 acres, at \$80 per acre, to John Graves.

HENRY. eight. Tobacco in Henry is said to be Likewise corn.

among the cows about Midway. Mr. Starks among the cows about Midway. Mr. Starks uses salt and copperas as a remedy for it. Some think it is caused by potato bugs.

Some negroes stole from Mr. A. J. Alexander's place about twenty-five of his hogs.

The thieves were arrested and part of the fully thick enough, both winter-killed stock recovered. — Thieves entered the meat house of Mr. Will. Harris, near Mt. and both failed to stool out properly. Vernon, and carried off thirty pieces of bacon.

NELSON.

Local Item: Charley Donohoo, on Pottinger's creek, bought a mule of Roland Clark for a pig. The mule weighs twenty-six pounds, and is only one foot eleven inches high and three months old. —Mule buyers are offering \$85 to \$125 for mules at Nelson Furnace. —Mr. R. J. Greer, near Bloom-field, thinks his corn will average seventy-five bushels to the acre. —M. L. Muir sold to T. Dawson three sheep, which, the Record says, averaged 216 lbs, and one of which, a ewe, weighed 275 lbs.

on account of severe drought at the time of stooling.

My opinion is that the Clawson is capable of a larger yield than the Fultz or any other kind I know, and will usually give it, if it has the same chance and sufficient seed to give the ground all it is capable of maturing. The largest yield I have ever seen recorded for the Fultz, was 49 bushels per acre, while my best three acres of Clawson last year yielded plump 61 bushels per the crop will be most with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the wheat; but if the season is dry, the crop will be in favor of the drilling in with the time of stooling.

The reason is this: when you fertilize in the hill, or drill a fertilizer in with usually give it, if it has the same chance and sufficient seed to give the ground state in the hill, or drill a fertilizer in with the sually give it, if has the same chance and sufficient seed to give the ground state in the plant roots have only a short distance to go to find the necessary food, and, finding all they need, the roots will not grow much beyond the provided that the crop will be in favor of the drilling in the will be in favor of the drilling SPENCER.

Mr. James A. Clark, near Smithville, has acre.

Court day last Monday was largely attend-About 800 cattle on the market, and sales were made at 15 to 20 per cent. above previous sales. Eight hundred sheep on sale, but the demand was not good, and few were

CLAWSON AND FULTZ WHEATS.

W. I. Chamberlain, of Hudson, O. writes as follows to the Country Gentlesomewhat as follows: "I have drilled in Clawson and Fultz wheats side by in every respect as far as possible. The kind that brings the most dollars per acre

in the drill at the rate of \$3.80 per hood, that clover is one of the most colts at from \$20 to \$47.50.

MADISON.

The Kentucky Register states that not a grain of wheat is shipped from the county, local mills grinding the whole product of the county, and more too.

The fair last week to \$47.50.

MADISON.

The Kentucky Register states that not a grain of wheat is shipped from the county, local mills grinding the whole product of the county, and more too.

The fair last week to \$47.50.

Was underdrained—the rest not. The Clawson looked a little the thriftiest all the time, and when the wheat was ripe, it looked as if it would yield more than was well attended, and the exhibition of stock, the county of the most valuable, if not the mo was well attended, and the exhibition of stock, the Fultz. The wheat was all shipped will make two tons of hay to the acre of c., first class.

JESSAMINE.

A Journal correspondent says Knight Lowmerchants and proprietors of a grain will make t ery has a breed of game chickens, a hen of which followed a hawk three days and nights, and returned home with his leg in her mouth the sales:

have varied slightly from the above fig-sufficiently to make good hay. I sow it menced hemp cutting. They pay hands \$2 per day and board, or \$2.50 where t ey board the floor was not cleaned separately for meadows in fact everywhere. I find a themselves.—Thomas Irvin is feeding a each variety. But due allowance was bare place or spot where the grass is made, and the variation could not, I thin. A very large crop of small grain is being put think, be more than a bushel per acre, and was as likely to be one way as the moth for thirteen years; prefers it to the

yield of the two side by side.

It is claimed, and I think truly, that the Fultz makes the best flour. But tween four and five bushels of seed of where one raises for sale, the only questinis variety per acre on very thin and the most dollars, net?" If a better kind of wheat or corn or fruit is less productive, then if dealers and consum- of immigrants to their State is over, and W. Thomas a few days ago. — John A. Baker, of Jessamine, has rented J. H. North-cutt's farm, 250 acres in the White Sulphur higher prices to make up the difference pictures drawn by railroad agents of the in yield.

Dogs hashed eighteen sheep for Hon. S. last night on a druggist's most delicate Texas as well as in any other part of P. Douthitt last week. So says the Eminence Constitutionalist. Mr. Douthitt having just balanced forty-one kernels of the Fultz. panies now see that immigrants of this shows that even dogs are encouraged by Buford's escape. Some dogs also raided on Mr. E. Bennett's flock, killing and maining ever, if as many pecks or pounds per more closely to the facts in immigralooking well, and a large crop is predicted. there will be the most stalks and heads fewer of them. per acre of the Fultz, provided it Jesse Martin has sold 140 good sheep, averging 140 lbs, at 4c.—Hemp is still saleBut to judge from appearance, my Claw982 prisoners.

-Sore tongue is prevailing son had fully as many heads per acre, kernels each as the Fultz. I sowed and both failed to stool out properly, on account of severe drought at the

Mr. James A. Clark, near Similarine, and rented 100 acres of wheat land, he to get one-half the crop at the thresher. Others have the two kinds side by side with equal chance, I for one shall be glad to hear chance, I for one shall be glad to hear to know the result, for we all want to know which it will, on the whole, pay the best to raise.

I wish to add that I have no seed to sell of either kind, having shipped and sold my entire crop at once, except seed and grist for myself.

[Mr. Chamberlain makes a mistake in sowing seed wheat flown by himself. A better quality of wheat and a larger either farther north or farther south.

THE VALUE OF RED CLOVER.

An observation extending over a

In those meadows that are a mixture Hogs of 200-lb weight sell for \$3 per cwt. at Athens and other points in the county.

The Kentucky Millers' Association will hold

Clawson, 32 bus. per acre, at \$1.00......\$32.00
Fultz, 24 bus. per acre, at \$1.04........... 24.96
The number of bushels per acre may made anything like a crop, was red top The number of bushels per acre may ond growth of clover time to mature

My father has been raising the mamsmall or common. My practice has The Clawson, therefore, gets my been to mix. The mammoth nearly all vote. I shall sow no other kind this dies when the seed is permitted to mayear, unless it be enough Fultz to return on strong land. It (the mammoth) peat the experiment. Some of my is equal to a crop of buckwheat for crease in the number of hogs fattened this fall. neighbors last year claimed about even cleaning up the land, and better for rotting the stumps out of new ground.

I have seen raised in this county beworn land. - J. L. E., in Prairie Farmer.

THE Texas papers admit that the rush certain wealth that awaited every com-One reason why the Clawson yields er, attracted thousands of shiftless peobetter than the Fultz is that the kernels ple, who, of course, have found that it are so much larger. I tried the two was necessary to work for a living in This just about corresponds with the sort are worse than useless, and there is acre are sown of one kind as the other, tion circulars, and get better people, if

THERE are now in the penitentiary

DRILL AGAINST BROADCAST.

Editor Farmers' Home Journal:

I see an article in your paper of the some other peculiarities. 14th of August with the above heading. I think it can be explained in may not be in favor of salt—the hens this way. Fertilizers drilled in with the have seemed to be more persistently wheat is like manuring in the hill: if inclined to sit, it being very difficult to the season is a wet one, the crop will break off the inclination; they sit much be in favor of the drilling in with the closer than usual. All seem voraciouswheat; but if the season is dry, the crop ly fond of green food of any kind, and

in the hill, or drill a fertilizer in with food last year yielded plump 61 bushels per the crop will be good, but if the season is dry, these short roots will soon absorb all the moisture in their immediate vicinity, and will then suffer for the want of it.

But when the fertilizer is broadcast the roots, both of small grain, corn or tobacco, will spread in search of food, and will cover the whole ground. Then able to the plant roots in dry weather; therefore the broadcast fertilizer is generally the best. Besides, there are very few fertilizers that are exhausted the first season, so the broadcast sowing man: Last fall I wrote in these columns crop can be raised from seed wheat will be in position for any crop that folgrown in a decidedly different climate, lows, and where there is sufficient fertilizer used for wheat, it may be followblue vitriol before sowing.—ED.F. H. J.] corn than if put in with the seed.

bone dust be not used alone for wheat, period of thirteen years, in this, Callaway county, Missouri, teaches me, or rather confirms the teachings of my boybran be mixed and sowed at the same time. Do not use any less bone, but der seed wheat from W. T. Hearne, of use the ashes and bran in addition. Lexington. They are anxious to try your land up to full bearing.

> with 50 lbs Skene's Complete Plant all about it. Food, which contains all the plant elevalue of the bone dust.

There are few exceptions to the gen- raising. eral rule that, for each 100 lbs of pure raw WM. SKENE.

Louisville, August 16.

the true facts, I have been feeding salt best paying roads in Kentucky, and to all my poultry, young and old alike, will be of vast benefit to this county. and closely watching the result. I have In some portions of this county, there summer (so far), with the following reing splendid, not full crop.

weather is cold and eggs scarce. This boar \$10. may, or may not, be the result of feed- Adairville, Ky., August 18.

ing salt largely to them, but I am compelled to believe this to be so, as are

I have noticed one feature, which have eaten a large quantity of clover, The reason is this: when you fertilize grass, young corn, and other similar

My observations lead me to the conclusion that salt is a needed condiment for all our poultry, and in all points is beneficial to them. Pigeons are excessively fond of salt in any form, and why should not our poultry be also? Such being the true status, it behooves us to consider their needs and attend to them. Wm. Horn, in Country Gentleman.

SOUTHERN KENTUCKY LETTER.

Editor Farmers' Home Journal: In your issue of July 31, I see a report from my old native county (Simpson). Why is it we do not hear from every particle of moisture will be avail- that county weekly or monthly? It is one of the best counties in the State for its size, and some as good farmers.

Come to the front, old Simpson, and let us know what you are doing.

I did intend in my next letter to have given you a report of the yield of wheat in this portion of Logan, but I find it would fall so much under the report side, in the same field, with even chance It will pay to select extra, clean, plump ed with corn, and, if it be raw bone from upper Kentucky, that I will not grains, and soak them in a solution of dust, will be in better condition for the give it in full. I will say this: the largest yield was 35 bushels per acre, and In this connection, let me advise that that was made on the farm of Welden E. Hunt, formerly of Warren county, but that good, dry unleached wood Ky. Mr. Hunt has one of the best also recommend that with each 100 longed to Capt. G. A. King, who is lbs of raw bone 50 lbs or more of wheat now in the livery business in Nashville.

Some of our farmers are going to or-These two cheap articles will supply all some of his White Silver Chaff. They the elements that the bone does not want Mr. Hearne to come out in the contain, and, with it, comes very near FARMERS' HOME JOURNAL, and let them being a perfect fertilizer. It will keep know in what way he prepares his ground, how much he sows to the acre. Where good wood ashes can not be and whether or not he uses salt or any had, we recommend that the raw bone other fertilizer, and when the best time dust be mixed, for every 100 lbs used, for sowing. In fact, they want to know

Now right here, is this not sufficient ments in the most available form, and evidence that every farmer in the State will increase the crop more than the should take your paper? for through increase in price, and bring out the full that medium they can interchange views in regard to farming and stock

The burned portion of our little town bone dust used for wheat, the increase is now being rebuilt. Messrs. Burr & will be for each acre 5 to 7 bushels; so Gooch, Dr. R. P. Tounsand and J. M. 200 lbs will give 10 to 15 bushels; 300 Barber are putting up seven brick lbs from 15 to 23 bushels over what the business houses and offices. F. M. land will produce without the fertilizer. Beauchamp, Esq., has erected a very But when the above mixtures are used, nice frame hotel on the same corner the increase will be far greater, and his other was burned. Messrs. Hibbs will leave the land in much better con- & Ormdorff have erected a splendid livery stable, which they have rented to Messrs. Smith & Mosely.

It is a settled fact that we are to SALT FOR POULTRY.—The question have the Owensboro & Nashville railas to whether salt is injurious to poul- road. They will begin work about the try has often been mooted. To get at 1st of September. It will be one of the

fed it in cold mush and hot; in bran will be more corn made than last year, and everything else, all the spring and so say the farmers. Tobacco is look-

My premium hog, Oxford Boy, will The poultry will eat all kinds of salted now weigh about 400 pounds, and he food in preference to unsalted; they is looking very fine. I did think of are better in general health; not a louse taking him and some others to some of of any kind in young or old (the first the fairs, but generally the premiums year I have been able to say so), and offered do not pay for the trouble. They they are all beginning to moult, many generally offer a premium for the best of them laying as though not moulting. boar about \$5, and for the best gen-Eggs are cheap now, and the hens will tleman rider \$10. I think it is time be ready for fall laying when the they were changing this, and give the J. M. COPELAND.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

SOMEHOW OR OTHER.

Life has a burden for every man's shoulder, None may escape from its burden and care; Miss it in youth and 'twill come when we're older, And fit us as close as the garments we wear.

Sorrow comes into our lives uninvited, Robbing our hearts of their treasures of song; Lovers grow cold, and friendships are slighted, Yet somehow or other we worry along.

Everyday toil is an everyday blessing,
Though poverty's cottage and crust we may share,
Weak is the back on which burdens are pressing,
But stout is the heart that is strengthened by
prayer.

Somehow or other the pathway grows brighter
Just when we mourn there were none to befriend
Hope in the heart makes the burdens seem lighter,
And somehow or other we get to the end.
—Alpheus Burgoyne.

Baltimore Sun. A COLORADO EXPERIENCE.

One tempest tossed night, weather-bound at a small hotel on the stage route from Santa Fe, we met a feliow traveler, in whom we became greatly interested. The howling gale and elementary uproar intensified the cosy cheer of our snug little parlor. The genial warmth from the heaped up ruddy coals in the grate and spicy exhalations steaming from an earthen mug brewing in front, out of which, from time to time, we replenished our glasses, stimulated conversation, and we were soon launched upon a stream of startling adven-

Among others, my companion, a finely built, athletic fellow, narrated an experience of the previous season, which, he said, "made

"How?" we asked. "You were in great

"One of those imminent risks that meet you at every turn. Four of us came in the stage from Santa Fe, the last of June, I think. A young lady—governess in an officer's family—her escort, a wealthy merchant, reputable, with a guaranty of honor inscribed on every line of his earnest face, and myself, were acquainted; the other was the horseshoer of the company, bound for the stables at Denver.

"The lady—among the twenties—was so happy in the thought of going East and seeing her widowed mother—was so interested and full of life that her joy rippled through our conversation like a merry warble.

"You like a personal description? "Well, rather tall and willowy, eyes as black and full of sparkle as a frosty night, and hair, commonly called red, but with a glint of gold lines and dashes wherever the sunlight glanced across it. I saw it fully when she dropped her hat, and a stylish, neat affair that

was, too—but I have not come to that yet.
"I'm sure you're aware of the brigandages for which that route is noted. Marvelous tales are told of the robbers. I suspect the mountain passes of the Apennines hold no more mystery of crime than do the rocky passes of this fresh continent. Constantly facing danger, the pioneer acquires a hardi-hood that fits him for every fresh encounter of peril, however unusual. The periodic robbing of stages has become so much of a fact that the express company will take no more risks, and specie and treasure will have to be taken east by private parties.

'As a government expert, I was well known to the bankers of Santa Fe. They never hesitated to intrust me with large amounts of gold -and this time was no exception. So I was loaded, partly by means of an inner belt around my waist, partly by a false bottom improvised in my valise by gumming strong wrapping paper over the precious parcels and inner lining of the bag.

for the cool currents that swept down the declivities and through the mountain ravines. Frequently during the day, up the steep ascents, we would go out and walk. It rested us and relieved the tedium of the drive. The e tedium of the drive. The lady was most charming, rattling her words like fine shot against our sallies of wit and wisdom, and turning into sport and jest our serious fears. She became confidential, and told us 'she expected to return a madame, with a military escort—if she returned at all. Her fiance was a lieutenant, stationed now in Indian Territory; but when he received his furlough-well, very soon, perhaps-then we might expect to hear of wedding bells.'
"'I would like to be a little richer,' she

said, with a sigh, 'but we must take what the good God gives us, and my treasure happens to be not in gold!"

"'How much of a dot have you?' said the practical merchant.

"She laughed merrily. 'Are you a bandit in disguise?' then saying, 'The fruits of my industry amount to the heavy weight of \$1,000 him." "No,' he cried, 'there's no treasure on

''You haven't it with you?' he inquired, so quickly and earnestly that I was surprised. "Come, you are accounted shrewd; just try and find out! I will answer all revelant

questioning.'

"He blushed and stammered an apology, and sat for a moment on a projecting rock on the company's horses.'

"We'll look out for 'em. Whatever hapside of the road over the mountain edge. She had gathered stray flowers on her walk, diving under bushes and behind rocks, and was fastening them on her hat and mantle. A perspiration stood in great beads of agony all scarlet creeper ran around the base of the over my body. rock down the side of the mountain.

pendicular rock, jutting out and inaccessible from the road.

"'How now? what will you do?' I said, half in sport at the possibility of a bare-head-

ed companion for the rest of the trip.
"To my surprise, she looked the image of despair and grief; the color had faded out of dollars we must have, so we'll go for your her rosy cheeks, even her lips were ashy and pale. Her hands were clasped in the most agonizing expression as she mutely gazed at the slender shape below, mocking her with its airy grace of blooms.

"This was uttered with infinite disagust.

"The merchant then spoke. 'You'll find nothing of account in our baggage, but if you will ask this young lady for her hat, and care-filly rip out the lining you will find some."

"When the standard care is the color had faded out of the part of

"'Oh, my friends! can't you recover that hat for me? Do, in pity, and I will thank you

to my dying day!" "No mother, appealing for a lost child, could have been more piteous, while tears stood in her eyes. I was half angry that any woman could be so metamorphosed by the loss of a hat. The merchant whistled, looked bewildered, but evidently didn't choose to risk

her rescue; they fastened a nook of end of a coil of rope, saying:

"'Don't fear, miss, nor look so anxious; we'll rig something an' get yer hat!"

"The driver, stretched at full length, with only his head and an arm over the precipice, and anchored firmly by the rest of the party, the horses' feet, and again I demanded it. threw his rope, harpoon fashion, with an un-erring aim. It caught in the rim, the hat was drawn up carefully and restored to the young girl, who, with exhilarating color and spark-ling eyes, thanked the men most profusely. They cut short her rhapsodies by jumping on lying in yonder ditch. No treasure on board! the driver's box and telling us to 'pile in. "Once inside, she said:

"'As you are all my friends, I must let you

"It was about two o'clock in the morning. We were well out of the most formidable passes, driving briskly toward the Canadian fork. The full moon lightened our way, making the bushes and trees adjacent cast sharp, decided shadows across the road. I had exchanged places with the horse-shoer. Inside they were dozing, but I was wakeful and alert. We beguiled the weary hour by story-telling. Suddenly I saw something moving in the shadow of the road on beyond

""What is that? I said.

mountain side. It disappeared quickly in the shade, and from thence, instantly, as if by magic, jumped out into the road two men. They were hidden in huge slouched sembreros and army cloaks. The stoutest caught the bridle of the leaders; the other, covering us with his rifle, shouted:

""Don't stir, or you are dead men!"

""Advancing closer and keeping us within the shade secured twenty instead of one thousand. Concealed in my baggage are diamonds and precious stones, which, if they had secured, would have beggared me." Taking a solitaire from his vest lining, he presented that also for her acceptance. 'I should have explained in the stage, but walls have ears, and why should I trust others with my secrets?"

""Of course as it turned out I was highly the should I trust others with my secrets?"

"Advancing closer, and keeping us within the range of his muzzle, he cried out: "'Pitch out the treasure box, quick! We

are in a hurry!' "The driver began to stammer a reply, shaking as if he had an ague stroke, but I

hushed him with a whisper:

"'Stop, stop! let me talk to these men!

There is no treasure aboard to-night!' I said

THE WEST UNEQUALED IN STORY this coolly, at the same time swaying my body to and fro, backwards and forwards, to get out of the range of the muzzle; the man was evidently very nervous, as well as very near.

an express messenger, and, as neither driver nor messenger are supposed to possess any valuables, they are seldom molested. "'None of your nonsense!' replied the bandit. 'Hand out the treasure, or you'll

see trouble.' "The man at the reins evidently enjoyed my endeavor to get out of range, for he squeaked in a high, falsetto voice:
"'Do them bar'ls look big?'

"'Yes,' I said, echoing the old joke current among the miners; 'Yes, I can read all the advertisements on the wadding!' "He chuckled a rough chuckle.

"'Come, come, heave out that specie-box, shouted the man holding the rifle.

"I insisted there was none.
"'Here, look at the waybill; if there is any such thing aboard it will be among the items,' and I made a move to get down, holding it in my hand.'

"Stay where you are, or I'll shoot you on the spot!'
"I threw him the way bill. He dropped

crete my money, slipping it into my boot.

"'You see there's no mention made of the treasure, and if it was sent it would be noted on the bill. However, you can get up and look in the box, and satisfy yourself.'

"'He hesitated but a moment, and then jumped up and looked in the box; in doing so he kicked my valise.'

and nipped the seat of my trousers. I Correspondence promptly answered. apri-ry felt mean I can tell you; but I put the "'Open this!' said he. I did so, taking

out carefully its contents and letting them

this stage, but we've sworn to have a hundred dollars to-night, and if we can't find it in the

treasure box, we may find it in the baggage. Who's inside?' "'Two men and a lady. None of them

"It was evident they were sleeping. "'Oh, that suits me; I must have it,' she men rattled the door and roused them. said rising to her feet, and dropping hat and flowers in the excitement. Just then a sudden eddy of wind came twisting round the corner of a fissure, and whirled hat and flowers round and round, lodging them beyond her round and round, lodging them beyond her had but two dollars in silver, the merchant's against a pillar. power of recovery on a narrow ledge of per- portmonnaie showed but a five, and the

> if she would swoon. "'You're a mean crowd to have so little berd. with you,' said he, 'and I've a mind to send

fully rip out the lining, you will find something worth your pains.'
The girl turned toward him with blazing

eyes, and uttered but one word: 'Traitor!' "There was no escape; the hat was secured.

After the lining was carefully ripped out, it was returned with thanks. "'In luck, in luck!' said the highwayman. qis life. The driver and horseshoer came to 'Jump in, all. I'm sorry for your loss, miss, of Nero.

her rescue; they fastened a hook on to the but we are bound to take whatever is sent us.

the horses' feet, and again I demanded it. Mechanically he picked it up, mounted the wheel, and handed it to me. Then, touching

Come this way next time without it, and we'll finish your accounts. Drive on!' "We gladly followed this advice, but could into the secret of my hat. All the money I possess is hidden in the lining—quilted in—and no man, not even the highwayman, would ever suspect the treasure hidden in such a cell; now would they?"'

The driver swore at him in Spanish, and the young lady answered all attempts at consolation with hysterical sobs. The mer-

"We of course praised her ingenuity.
"A good thousand, is it?" said the merhant.
"The very sum,' she replied.
"Arriving at Denver, he begged very earnestly of the young lady, with me as her friend, to grant him a few moments for extraction in a private parlor. He was so in planation in a private parlor. He was so in earnest that the young girl yielded a reluctant

"He closed the door and bolted it, which

looked strangely.
"'Don't fear,' he said, as I fumbled for my revolver. Sitting in a chair, he pulled off his boot, and from the toe pulled out a roll of greenbacks. Said he, 'A few days before leaving, I was lucky enough to find an opportunity to exchange my doubloons for these. My poor child, let me make restitution. Here "The driver looked, his eyes rounding like the moon.
"Nothing but a burro!" referring to the pack mules that frequently strayed down the mountain side. It disappeared quickly in the had a and form there instantly as if her concealed in my hagage are diamonds and

"Of course, as it turned out, I was highly pleased at the sagacity of the gentleman; the more so as I recollected the responsibility of the specie I, too, had assumed.

"I need not tell you that the lady's tears were transmitted into rare smiles, and she was

TELLING.

It is no use for an Eastern man to try to tell a big story when there is a West-"As I intended he should, he took me for ern man about. Causeur has tried it and got beaten, beaten clean out of but he always found that a Western inspected at all times. man could go him one better.

"When I was a young man," said Colonel B., "we lived in Illinois. The farm had been well wooded, and the stumps were pretty thick. But we put the corn in among them, and managed to raise a fair crop. The next season I of Cotswold and Southdown sheep. Orders stumps were pretty thick. But we put did my share of the plowing. We had a 'sulky' plow, and I sat in the seat and managed the horses, four as handsome bavs as ever a man drew a rein over. One day I found a stump right in my way. I hated to back out, so I just said a word to the team, and, if you'll believe it, they just walked that plow through that

homespun-said it was the strongest tion guaranteed. cloth in the State. One day I had just plowed through a white oak stump in the way you speak of, colonel, but it was a little too quick for me. It came together before I was out of the way, felt mean, I can tell you; but I put the string on the ponies, and, if you'll believe it, they just snaked that stump out roots and all. Something had to give, you know."-Boston Transcript.

HOW THE APOSTLES DIED.

1. Peter was crucified in Rome, and, at his own request, with his head down-

2. Andrew was crucified by being pens, don't stir on your peril. We may find bound to a cross with cords, on which he hung two days, exhorting the people

3. St. James the Great was beheaded The by order of Herod, at Jerusalem.

4. St. James the Less was thrown

young lady's nothing but some stamps and a death by command of a barbarous king. 6. St. Bartholomew was flayed to 7. St. Mathew was killed with a hal-

8. St. Thomas, while at prayer, was you to Heaven this very night. A hundred shot with a shower of lances, and afterward run through the body with a lance. 9. St. Simon was crucified.

10. Thaddeus, or Judas, was cruelly

11. St. Matthias; the manner of his for sale. death is somewhat doubtful; one says reasonable. stoned, then beheaded; another says he was crucified.

12. Judas Iscariot fell and his bowels ton, Ky. gushed out.

13. St. John died a natural death. 14. St. Paul was beheaded by order

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY

THIS DIRECTORY

Contains the names, address and business of some of the most reliable breeders of blooded cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, poultry and bees that are to be found in the United States They deal fairly with their customers, and invite, at all times, a close inspection of their stock. Persons at a distance can write, describing what is wanted, and a reply will be promptly forwarded with description of animals and prices.



CLARK PETTIT, Centreton Stock Farm near Salem, NEW JERSEY,

Breeder and shipper of the celebrated Jersey Red Swine. Circular containing full and authentic history of the breed, with illustrations of animals from life, and price lists sent free to any address upon application as above.



SPRINGDALE HERD OF POLAND-CHINA HOGS.—My stock in 1878 took nine first premiums, three sweepstakes, and one herd premium at three fairs, over hogs of all breeds in three bluegrass counties, viz., at Cynthiana, Lexington, and Paris fairs. Stock of all ages for sale. Prices to suit the times. Satisfaction guaranteed. Young Buckeye and the premium hog Nero (first prize and sweep-stake hog at Hamilton County Fair) imported Address WILL A. GAINES novi4-iyr Centreville, Bourbon Ce., Ky.

AWNSDALE BERKSHIRES. - I have now, and am breeding from the following popular families: Sallie, Sweet Seventeen, Hambrook, Oxford, Gipsy, Matchless and Sniper. Pigs for sale by "Elmhurst Prince," "Lord" and "Hugh" Rogers. Prices to suit the times. Reduced rates by express. Send for catalogue and price list.

W. SHELBY WILSON, Shelbyville, Ky.

G. HERR, St. Mathews, Jefferson coun G. HEKK, St. Mathews, Jenerson Con-ty, Ky., has for sale the finest class of registered Jerseys, pedigreed Berkshires, and Yorkshire swine

THOMAS. S. GRUNDY, Springfield, Ky. breeder of improved Jersey Red Hogs, Shorthorn Cattle—of the Young Mary and Phyllis families-with Duke crosses, Thorough sight. He thought he could spin a bred Horses and Cotswold Sheep. I am breed. yarn that would test anyone's credulity, ing to sell, and would be glad to have my stock

> T. & QUINCY BURGESS, Hutchinson . Station, Bourbon County, Ky., importers and breeders of Cotswold Sheep. apir-iyr

promptly attended to. Sept 1-1yr

7 Z. CARPENTER, Shelby county, Ky .-L. Importer and Breeder of pure Cotswold Sheep and Berkshire Hogs. Orders will receive prompt and careful attention. Postoffice address, Shelbyville, Ky.

JOHN WELCII, Box 26, Louisville, Ken tucky, (breeding farm 3 miles south of city, on Third-street road). Breeder and shipper of Poland-China hogs. They are docile, and fatten readily at any age.

movement, whispered:

"'Have you got one?' The man at the reins noticed the conferring, and hallooed at ways made our clothes in those days, as ways made our clothes in those days, as the cloth they were made of.

"The other instantly called:

"It's curious, but I had a similar experience myself, once. My mother altucky, importers and breeders of Pure Cotswold Sheep and Improved English Berkshire Hogs. Have for sale imported stock, and stock in the cloth they were made of. T W. SAMUELS & SONS, Beech Grove well as the cloth they were made of. bred from imported prize animals. Corre-"We threw up our hands, and he again turned to the way-bill. I did manage to se- homespun—said it was the strongest tion guaranteed.

The old lady was awful proud of her turned to the way-bill. I did manage to se- homespun—said it was the strongest tion guaranteed.

> H.DAVINPORT, Lexington, Kentucky A. H.DAVINPORT, Lexington, Kentucky, breeder of Shorthorns, A. J. C. C. R. Jerseys, Southdown Sheep, Berkshires from premium imported stock, and White-faced Black Spanish and Seabright Bantam Chickens.

E LMHURST Flock of Cotswolds. Imported, and their descendants. Stock always for sale. Correspondence promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Catalogues on application. Address, R. C. ESTILL, dec13-1yr P.O.Box 418, Lexington, Ky.

7 M. M. MILLER, Claremont, Ontario,

OTSWOLDS FOR SALE. - Ten yearling rams, from imported stock. Price per head \$12, or \$10 around for the lot. few choice ewes. TYLER CARPENTER, breeder of Cotswold sheep, Fisherville Ky.

M. HACKWORTH, Shelbyville, Shelby Cotswold Sheep, and Chester White Hogs. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed

F. A. BYARS, Simpsonville, Shelby county, Southdown Sheep, from best imported etrains. Correspondence and orders solicited.

SA COOMBS, Southville, Shelby county, A SA COOMBS, Southvine, Shelly Ky., importer and breeder of pure Cotswold sheep. Particulars sent on application.

W. L. WADDY & SONS, Peytona, Shelby county, Ky., importers and breeders of pure Cotswold sheep. Poland-China hogs Correspondence solicited. Price febg-1yr

McCONATHY, importer and breeder of pure Cotswold sheep, near Lexing-

D. GUTHRIE, Shelbyville, Kentucky breeder and importer of Cotswold Sheep. Native and imported Bucks and ewes for sale.



RTHUR JOHNSTON, Greenwood, On-A tario, Canada, Importer and Breeder of Clyde Horses, Shorthorn Cattle, Berkshire Pigs and Cotswold Sheep.

H. WILSON, of Abdallah Park, Cynthiana, Ky., breeder of Trotting Stock from the following stallions: Sterling, Goldsmith's Abdallah, John Bright, Paymaster; all sired by Volunteer. Also from Pacing Abdallah, sired by Alexander's Abdallah. jan27-1yr

& V. L. POLK, Ashwood, Maury county, Tenn., Breeders of Trotting Horses, Jersey Cattle, Shropshire and Southdown Sheep. iune6-1y

THOMAS GIBSON, Woodlawn Mills, Maury county, Tenn., Breeder of Trotting Horses, Shorthorn Cattle, Southdown and Merino Sheep.

CAMPBELL BROWN, Spring Hill, Maury county, Tenn., breeder of Trotting and Harness Horses, Jersey (H. R.) Cattle, Shorthorns and Southdown Sheep.

may30-1yr. may30-1yr. J. TREACY, dealer in Trotting and

B. J. TREACY, dealer in Trotting and Fine Harness Horses, No. 116 East Short street, Lexington, Ky. Keeps on hand and for sale single horses and pairs. Trotting and Gentlemen's Roadsters a specialty. Stallions and Brood mares of the best families of running and trotting blood, always on hand and for sale. Horses trained

at reasonable rates. WALTER HANDY, Clifton Stock Farm, Wilmore, Jessamine county, Ky., breeder of Pure Shorthorn Cattle. Young things for sale. Correspondence solicited. Young bulls supplied to shippers South

and West. REV. M. P. BAILEY, Elkton, Todd county, Kentucky, breeder of pure H. B. Shorthorn Cattle, Cotswold Sheep, Angora Goats, Poland-China and Berkshire Hogs. Prices to correspond with the general decline in stock. Correspondence solicited. 25julviy

A. McELROY, Elmwood, Springfield, A. McELROY, Elmwood, Springfield, Ky., breeder of Shorthorn and Jersey Cattle, Black and Red Berkshire, Jersey Red and Poland-China Swine.

E. SHOUSE, Fisherville, Kentucky.
Breeder of fine Cotswold Sheep. Stock delivered at depots. Orders solicited. 7-1yr L. SHOUSE, Fisherville, Kentucky.

CLOVERLAND HERD.

Lexington, Ky. T. HEARNE, Breeder of Pure Shorthorns, chiefly Bates Blood. Also Grower of Choice Seed Wheat. Jan 1-1yr

ANCORA COATS!

DOLK PRINCE, Guthrie, Todd county, Ky. Angora Goats for sale, of pure blood and high grades.

OSEPH PHILIPS, Nashville, Tenn., breeder of Pure Angora Goats. Address, care Berry, Demoville & Co. mar22-1yr

APT. PHIL. KIDD, Lexington, Ky., Live Stock Auctioneer. Particular attention given to public sales of Shorthorn Cattle, Thoroughbred and Trotting Horses.

R. E. EDMONSON, Winchester, Clark county, Ky., attends the courts in the Bluegrass counties. Sales of blooded stock and personal property solicited. Satisfaction

VERY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY ON PAINT. NEW EGYPT, N. J., Feb. 12, 1879.

O. R. Ingersoll, Manager Patrons' Paint Co., Dear Sir and Brother: My house, paint-ed last year with your Ready Mixed Paint, W. M. MILLER, Claremont, Ontario, Canada, importer and breeder of prize Cotswold sheep and Berkshire swine. Stock for sale at reasonable prices.

Octi-iyr ed last year with your Ready Mixed Paint, looms up before the eye grandly, and is the cynosure of all sightseers. You recollect I tried to have Dr. —— and Mr. S., of this place, to adopt your paints, but could not induce them. Now mark the contrast at the present time. The doctor's is in streaks and looks dirty and old, as if painted many years. Mr. S.'s house has faded very much, while mine looks more brilliant than ever. When the full moon shines upon the house it looks like a block of silver at broad daylight. The veranda ceiling reflects the arched brackets of the columns like a huge mirror. Every one notes the contrast of the mixed paints over the old way, and admires the glossy appearance of the building. You can fully refer any one to this house, for it is the largest and most conspicuous on the line of the Camden & Am-

boy railroad, via Pemberton. JOHN S. MALLORY. Note.—Patrons' Paint Company Book -Every One His Own Painter—mailed free. Address Patrons Paint Co., 162 South street, New York. Cheapest, best paint in the

BEARDED SEED WHEAT

I have for sale a limited supply of a new variety of BEARDED WHEAT, which originated on the farm of L. L. Dorsey, Jr., near Louisville, where it has produced wonderful crops. The wheat is of light red color, a strong grower, and yielded this season an average of over thirty bushels per acre wherever sown. Price \$2.25 per bushel. Also all other varieties of seed wheat for sale at market rates.

R. H. HOSKINS,

Manager Farmers' Supply House,
33-4t

No. 31 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

A GENTS WANTED—For the best and fast sell-ing Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

HORTICULTURAL.

Conducted by J. DECKER, Secretary of the State Horticultural Society.

STRAWBERRY CATALOGUE.-Mr. Wm. Parry, the reliable nurseryman of Cinnaminson, N. J., advertises his fall list of strawberry plants for sale. He includes Longfellow and Warren. His price list will be sent on application by postal card, or colored illustrated catalogue, for three-cent stamp

ing strawberry was originated by Mr. short distance apart, and the same soil. Webb's seedlings.

NEW STRAWBERRIES.

"We have received a catalogue of two new varieties of strawberries, the testimonials of which are mostly extracts from newspapers or village papers, the editors of which probably do not know one variety of strawberry from another, and not one of whom are any way conversant with scarcely any of the newer or older sorts; hence no comparisons are made, but, according to their way of thinking, these are 'the finest' and 'the best,' and 'the largest' and 'the most productive' that they have any 'knowledge' of. Knowledge? what's the knowledge of such persons good for regarding strawberries in general? They remind us of an Englishman and his wife who worked for us a few years ago. No such berries were 'hever grown as those in hold Hengland,' and yet the first strawberries that ripened with us, only medium size, and of which we showed them the largest, they exclaimed, 'Ho, my beyes! did you hever see such berries in hold Hengland?' Bosh on such testimonials; let's be done with them and give such as are reliable."

The above from Purdy's Fruit Recorder has brought us the inquiry: "Does he mean Longfellow and Warren?" Of course not, as the following card will show:

OFFICE PURDY'S RECORDER AND FRUIT FARM, PALMYRA, 1879.

Can I exchange any of my stock with you for 100 to 500 each of Longfellow and Warren? I have a fine stock of all the newer hands. A. M. PURDY.

Having an excellent stock of such kinds as we wished to offer our customers, the above was respectfully declined.

For Farmers' Home Journal. TURNIP GREENS.

The old fashioned "turnip greens" are perfectly hardy in winter, and make the best early "greens" for the table. In fact, they are in cooking condition

cast with turnip greens. The sheep when he gets in the middle of the roll prevent bees from drowning, may safewill graze it down close to the ground call, say, 'God love us all?' " Upon ly be used. If your bees are weak in without injury, for it will grow up again his being informed that what the clerk number, and are not raising young, add early in the spring in time to produce plenty of flowers for the bees. The stead of "God love us all," he didn't By the last of next month the bees seed should be sown broadcast in July, look as if he wanted to ask for any should have enough sealed honey to August and September on every unoc- more information that day. cupied piece of ground, and also with rye and buckwheat to bloom out for the bees.

Pewee Valley, Aug. 19. A. W. K.

PEAR BLIGHT.

success that he is thoroughly convinced stature of mannood with the success that he is thoroughly convinced ground, as it were, to powder by the hardships which he has encountered in hardships which he has encountered in number was encored. On returning thoroughly works the oil into the pores are made, not by velvet, but by stone had enjoyed the opera. "Well, the of the bark, believing it is the closing and iron handling. of the pores, arresting circulation, that of the pores, arresting circulation, that causes the blight. He had but one tree attacked last year, and the prompt and vicorous application of the oil speak when others are talking." "Then said the waiting maid, "you did every-said the waiting maid, "You did

fail, and cure it, unless the tree is too in was Lapland?" far gone. The cure is gradual, but in two or three years a blighted tree will regain perfect health. I have been trying this treatment for upwards of trying this treatment for upwards of the details the tree and t salt marshes of Europe. Brine, espe- there!"

cially old meat brine, will do. Bury dry salt near the surface. The moment you see the pear leaves looking as if sprinkled or hastily dipped in ink, you may be sure that it is blight, and the arrested by the use of salt.'

In giving our friends these articles on "Pear Blight," we do so without any recommendation. Our best authorities have only got as far as to say it is a fungoid disease, and give no remedy. It is well enough to experiment. THE Recorder says "the Chas. Down- We can have one satisfaction: as things stand our trees are nearly sure to die, Downing, of Kentucky." Mr. Downer and if we kill them by doctoring, it all was the originator, and the locality was amounts to the same thing in the end. the same as Mr. Webb's, being only a Linseed oil has been recommended several times, but it must be pure or sure office address of one Secretary of subordinate This is one reason why we have so much faith in the general success of Mr. Webb's seedlings.

Granges in each county, as a suitable person to correspond with; and when he sends you his blanks for monthly reports, please be much.

SMALL FRUITS.

From the Tennessee report for July we extract as follows:

The time of these crops is now over, but now is an opportune period for increasing the amount by planting vines. August is, next to March, the best time for setting out strawberries, and as this is the most important of the small promptly, so the books of this office may be fruits, we respectfully invite the attenthe attention to, that is of more importance.

lection of species, as some kinds, though very delicious for table use, will not bear transportation. Select the firmer varieties, then, and carefully prepare the soil to receive them. They will not Editor Farmers' Home Journal: pay to be set in poor land, unless well manured. The dry, poor, sandy ridges in apiculture. Therefore examine, and of the State will produce the very best if each colony has not about twentyground early enough to throw out roots, honey or sugar; the finer the sugar, the and then they will resist cold.

The highlands and plateau of Tennessee will yet be the most lucrative on account of cheapness. portions of the State when they are deawaiting the will of man in this respect, tracted and used. and the time seems now to be near at

gressman in Indianapolis Journal: Mr. the combs in the upper story of the Orth was a member of the same Con- hive in need of honey. The bees will during all the months of January, Feb- gress, and occupied the next seat to carry it to the brood chamber and store ruary and March. But their value as a mine, so that we became well acquaint- it for winter. forage plant for bees is not generally known, and to this fact I desire to call just about in the middle of the list of empty combs, as my bees have stored especial attention. The flowers bloom members, and the clerk, in reading his surplus only when supplied with frames in April, and are unusually rich in pol- name, did not always speak it quite full of empty comb. I have not had a len and honey. The rich food for the plainly. A man was sitting by me one single section box filled when supplied bees furnished by the flowers of turnip day who had been quite a frequent list- with only a starter of natural comb or greens comes at a time when there is a ener to the proceedings of the House, foundation. scarcity of pollen-bearing bloom.

As a winter pasturage for sheep there is nothing so good as a lot sown broad
Mr. Myers, why does the clerk always,

A GREAT many men, whatever may have been their experience in life, are honey and pollen producing plant. It accustomed to complain of the usage they have received in the world. They fill the ears of those who have the mis-Mr. D. P. Westcott, Rochester, N. fortune to be their friends with lamen-Y., is reported in the Rural Home as tations respecting their own troubles. having tried linseed oil repeatedly for But there is no man that is not born the last four years on pear trees affect- into a world of trouble; and no man ed with blight, and with such uniform has attained to anything like the full success that he is thoroughly convinced stature of manhood who has not been called time after time; the audience with it, but takes a paint brush and this life. This is a world in which men

and vigorous application of the oil speak when others are talking." "Then, thing so badly, that the people were alwhen I was a-lyin' under the sofy Sun-A correspondent of the Detroit Post day night, and sister and Mr. John and Tribune says salt sown about the came in from church and was a-setting roots of pear trees is a sure cure for the in the big rockincheer, how came her roots of pear trees is a sure cure for the big rockincheer, how came her blight. "It will prevent blight without to say that the nicest land she ever was sore nose?" "Ise been sunstruck,

twelve years upon my own trees, and one of his ears chewed off, replied to a c'lision.' each year strengthens my conviction policeman who interviewed him: "I that salt is the long sought remedy. I didn't like an article that 'peared in the was led to try it by seeing it stated that paper last week, and I went in ter see the pear tree originated in some of the the man who writ it, an' he war by

STATE GRANGE—OFFICIAL DE-PARTMENT.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, KY. STATE GRANGE, BRODHEAD, KY., Aug. 15, 1879.

Receipts and disbursements of the secretree will surely die unless the disease is tary's office for the week ending August 15,

1879:
RECEIPTS.
Grange 565, June quarter, 1879 \$1 00
Grange 849, June quarter, 1879 1 68
Grange 1,142, June quarter, 1879 5 32
Grange 493, March quarter, 1879 1 92
Grange 835, June quarter, 1879 80
Total receipts\$10 72
DISBURSEMENTS.
Grange 849, paid delegate \$1 68
Grange 493, paid stamps 92
Paid express charges, No. 50
1 ald express charges, 110. comming 20
Cash on hand
Cash on hand f of

Since my last report, I have furnished Mr. C. prompt and as accurate as you can, in making out and forwarding to him these reports, that the order in Kentucky may be posted in this

There are many Secretaries of subordinate Granges that have not as yet forwarded their reports for the quarter ending June 30, 1879. As the harvest and election are now over, 1 hope Secretaries will attend to this duty with out delay. Send in your reports promptly,

kept up, and we can know what we are doing. I would state that the order in the State is tion of farmers to this crop. It is the first crop from which the farmer can get money in the spring, and as the money yield is enormous per acre, we know of nothing to which we can call permanent institution in Kentucky, and getting in a healthy condition. When we get upon a solid basis, and learn to co-operate Great care should be taken in the section of species, as some kinds, though

Secretary Kentucky State Grange.

FEED YOUR BEES.

August is one of the critical months berries if properly fertilized. The fall five lbs of sealed honey, it should be fruit trees and vines. Get them in the the bees wintering. Feed unsaleable greater certainty of the health of your bees, and some are using grape sugar

As there is so much difference of voted to what seems to have been the opinion as to its good or bad qualities, intention of the Creator. Their adapta- I would advise the beginner, for whom tion to fruits is proven by the fact that this is written, to wait until the question this year our almost entire supply is to be drawn from elevated points. We hope to see this vast territory utilized in this goal are both thought to be unwholesome for bees. Combs in this and grazing purposes before many years. They have been patiently tially sealed, should have the honey ex-

As most beginners have no extractor, and need all the nice comb they have, they can have the honey removed From an interview with an ex-Con- by breaking the copings, and placing

last them until spring.

And now is the time to sow turnip seed, than which there is no better comes in about apple blossom time. Pewee Valley, Aug. 8.

A GREAT operatic "star" once gave her servant, a simple country girl, an order for the opera on a night when she appeared in one of her greatest parts. That evening the great prima she wearily asked her maid how she opera, ma'am, was fine, but I felt sorry ways shouting and storming at you,

Clem." "Dasso? How kim be visita- WILL locate lands in best of the frontier counties and make investments in Texas lands for non

and making you do it all over again."

THE bad effects of imprudence in eating and drinking are speedily removed, and the and drinking are speedily removed, and the depression following eating is quickly banished by the use of Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills.

Augusta, Me.

Augusta, Me.

66 A WEEK in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Port-

BRINLY PLOWS



One of the Most Popular is Shown Above. Send for Full Illustrated Price List.

BRINLY, MILES & HARDY,

Main and Preston Sts., LOUISVILLE, KY. SOLE MANUFACTURERS.

wm.skene&co.

Louisville, Ky.

Manufacture RAW BONE DUST, the BEST FERTILIZER for Wheat, SKENE'S COMPLETE PLANT FOOD, SKENE'S PERFECT TOBACCO FERTILIZER.

Will Make Fertilizers According to Formulas Sent Them.

Keep constantly on hand PURE STANDARD PERUVIAN GUANO AND LOBOS GUANO, and all kinds of FERTILIZING CHEMICALS.

They will send their Pamphlet on the Chemistry of Plants free to those sending their names. Also, give advice to those who desire it—How and when to use Fertilizers. Those sending for advice will please state how much wheat per acre and how much corn the land they wish to fertilize will produce without manure.

WORKS-Nos. 177 to 187 High Ave.

OFFICE-No. 153 West Main Street.

Manufactured by the greatest makers,

season, too, is the proper time to set out fed, and now is the time for it, to insure fruit trees and vines. Get them in the the bees wintering. Feed unsaleable Mason & Hamlin, Smith American Organ o., and others,

at prices LOWER THAN EVER at the newly elarged warerooms of their

Sole Wholesale Agent, D. P. FAULDS, 165 Fourth Street. Purchasers should see them before buying else



NEW AND STANDARD BOOKS

ON ARCHITECTURE.

AND AGRICULTURE, Sent post paid on receipt of price.

Woodward's Artistic Drawing Studies \$ 6 00

Woodward's Ornamental and Fancy Alphab	Ф .	00
Woodward's Country Homes	ets 6	0.0
Woodward's Country Homes. Woodward's Cottages and Farm Houses	· · · · · ·	00
Woodward's Country and Suburban Houses	1	00
Woodward's Granorics Are	5 I	90
Woodward's Graperies, &c Woodward's Designs for the Fret Saw	1	00
Woodward's Netional Architect Tal O		50
Woodward & National Architect, Vol. One.	7	20
Woodward's National Architect, Vol. Onc Woodward s National Architect, Vol. Two. Wheeler's Homes for the People	7	50
Wheeler's Homes for the People	2	00
Jacques' Manual of the House Monckton's National Stair Builder	1	00
Monckton & National Stair Builder	5	00
Rural Church Architecture Hussey's National Cottage Architecture	4	00
Hussey's National Cottage Architecture	4	00
Cupper's Stair Builder.	2	50
Eveleth's School House Architecture	4	00
Harney's Barns, Out Buildings and Fences.	4	00
Jacques' Garden, Farm and Barn Yard	1	50
Todd's Young Farmer's Manual, 3 Vols	4	50
Cupper's Stair Builder. Eveleth's School House Architecture. Harney's Barns, Out Buildings and Fences. Jacques' Garden. Farm and Barn Yard. Todd's Young Farmer's Manual, 3 Vols Vol. 1, Farm and Workshop. "2. Profitable Farming."	1	50
" 2, Profitable Farming	î	50
3. Wheat Culture	1	50
Fuller's Forest Tree Culturist. Randall's Practical Shepherd. Willard's Practical Dairy Husbandry. Willard's Practical Butter Book.	1	00
Randall's Practical Shepherd	9	00
Willard's Practical Dairy Husbandry	2	00
Willard's Practice Butter Book	*** 0	00
Lewis' Practical Poultry Book	4	60
Ten Acres Enough		30
How to Get a Form Are	1	00
How to Get a Farm, &c	1	60
Flax Culture		00
Flax Culture		10
Phin's Grane Culture	1	00
Phin's Grape Culture	1	00
Frank Forestor's Field Court of Well-		30
Frank Forester's Field Sports, 2 vols	4	00
Thomery System of Grape Culture Frank Forester's Field Sports, 2 Vols. Frank Forester's Fish and Fishing Frank Forester's Young Sportsman's Manu	2	50
Frank Forester's Young Sportsman's Manu	ial. 2	00
Practical Trout Culture		
The Breechloader	1	25
The Dead Shot. The Gun	1	25
The Crack Shot. The Rifle	1	25
Frank Forester's Horse of America, 2 Vols	5	00
Horse Portraiture.—Training Trotters	2	00
The Dog-Breeding, Breaking, &c	3	00
Wallace's American Trotting Register	10	00
The Breechloader. The Dead Shot. The Gun. The Crack Shot. The Rifle. Frank Forester's Horse of America, 2 Vols Horse Portraiture.—Training Trotters. The Dog.—Breeding, Breaking, &c. Wallace's American Trotting Register. Wallace's American Stud Book Gun. Rod and Saddle.	10	00
Gun. Rod and Saddle	1	00
DDRESS.		
FARMERS' HOME JOUR	NAL	

Louisville, Ky

\$5 to \$20 PER Day at home. Samples worth \$ free. Address STINSON & CO. ISAAC F. HARRISON

J. J. BYRNE. KNEELAND & HARRISON,

Land Agents and Locators, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

FRAZER AXLE CREASE GREASE.

PPLES & CO., Agents for our St. .
FRAZER LUBRICATOR CO.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose one teaspoonful to one pint food. Sold every t food. Sold every-

271yr I.S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

R. W. MEREDITH & CO., Prop'rs.

PRINTERS Binders.

Blank Book Manufacturers. Cor. Fourth Ave. and Green Sts., Louisville, Ky.

Stock Catalogues, Auction Catalogues, Sale Bills,

And all kinds of Printing required by Stock Breeders and Dealers executed

in the best style and at reasonable rates. Estimates Furnished upon Application.

obtained for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Gifice located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. We refer to the German American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State.

Address: LOUIS BAGGER & Co., Solicitors Address: LOUIS BAGGER & Co., Solicitors

of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building Washington, D. C.

Established 1865—Reorganized May 12, 1879.

Thos. S. Kennedy, Pres't. Ion B. Nall, Sec'y. PUBLISHERS.

Office No. 15 Courier-Journal Building, Corner Fourth and Green Streets, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

ION B. NALL, Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. remitting can send postage stamps in small amounts.

We prepay postage on all papers sent to ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted in the regular advertising columns of the FARM-ERS' HOME JOURNAL at the following rates: Reading notices 20 cents per line, first in-

Authorized advertising agents will be allowed a commission of 25 per cent. on all orders coming through their hands. Advertisements will not be given special

position in this paper.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1879.

THE Munfordville fair will be held October 14, four days.

A CROP of potatoes in Boone county, Ky., was sold last week at \$1 per bar-

farmers reported the prospects for the important entries. Mr. A. H. Davin- in China, where women have eaten corn crop as very flattening.

THE report of the death in England of Mrs. Sartoris, ex-President Grant's only daughter, which was telegraphed last week, proves to be untrue. It was another Mrs. Sartoris who died.

FASTEST TROTTING TIME. - Mr. Bonner's horse, Edwin Forrest, made a mile in 2:113/4 on August 9. This is the fastest mile ever trotted, and it was over a three-quarter track at that.

can be had by addressing Mr. J. H. Ashcraft, the secretary, at Paducah.

SEED WHEAT .- The millers of Russellville, Ky., protest against the sowing of Fultz, Clawson and Diehl wheat. They propose to publish a statement, and are entitled to a respectful hearing.

THE Tennessee Agricultural Association will hold its annual fair at Nashville beginning September 30, and holding through the week. Reduced rates for stock and passengers has been promised by the railroads.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.—The Louisville & Nashville railroad has made a reduction of about seven cents per hundred pounds on all freights shipped from Glasgow. Tobacco is taken for Louisville at thirty-seven cents per cwt.

ing all the sheep of the member-elect crops of all kinds, the acreage and the to Kentucky as could be accommodated of the Legislature. Really we tremble lest they should begin on the represent their diseases, bees, eggs, poultry, poptatives next, and then stick a tooth in ulation, number and valuation of farms to engage a farm hand for next year, our good old governor before we can and dwellings, taxes, agricultural socie-should speak out. And if all should repeal the dog law. Perhaps an extra ties, dairy products, orchards and fruits, session would save us.

FARMERS' HOME JOURNAL advised its other interesting information in regard fresh laborers and reclaiming our abanfarmer readers to hold for the \$1 per to that wonderful and rapidly growing doned farms and waste lands. bushel for their orchard grass seed. young State. The dealers gave us a terrible wigging, and we now call for help from the farm- attracting immigration to a State than ers. One dollar and fifty cents from the circulation of such a pamphlet as each one will ease our pains, and we'll this; and it may be possible that while

The Bardstown fair will be held September 2, 3 and 4. The directors are making every effort to make this equal, if not surpass, their most successful fairs of former days. Everything is ardoubtless considered, where there was doubtless considered, where there was holes three feet from each other, each eighranged for the comfort and convenience so much rapidly accumulating wealth and vigorous outgrowth in prosperity, so holes three feet from each other, can be teen inches square and eighteen inches deep; these holes he fills with manure to within four these holes he fills with manure to within four is a good place to show stock or ma- there must of necessity be a great inches to the top, and the remainder of the enough to attract attention.

THE Hog Crop.—It is getting to be about time to begin speculating in re-old proverb that, "Without labor there the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of, with a view to keeping down the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will admit of the pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over their tops as the supply will be pits as deep over the pi gard to the fall hog crop. So far as we is no reward." have been able to observe, there is no The productions of Kansas are all

and this will counterbalance any THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. shortage from indisposition of farmers to raise pigs. If there is any change in the number marketed this fall we think there will be a slight increase. No one can tell what the ruling price will be, Underwood at its head, met in this city the ground and mixing in the manure NEW FARMERS' HOME JOURNAL CO. but speculations point to about three last week, and by a vote of four to three

move. Either the foreign purchasers and \$30,000 in cash; and to which sum do not credit the Kentucky short crop the county of Fayette added \$20,000. theory, or they are holding back to see if they can not get up a little no-demand and it is to be hoped now that this in-...\$1 50 theory of their own to counteract it. stitution, with its liberal income from eight feet high. we can hardly claim this as selling rate, be obtained for good clean seed.

bution. The industrial exposition opens September 22, and the live stock, fruit, etc., departments October 6. The premiums offered are very large. This is sertion; subsequent insertions, 10 cents per the only fair where large premiums are given for all classes of blooded cattle. Devons, Ayshires, Jerseys, Holsteins, Herefords and Shorthorns, each have evident that the bureau can not benefit out employing extra field hands. In their separate rings. The purses to the class it is meant to, in its present digging the holes there are ingenious trotting horses are very attractive. The shape, to an extent equal to its cost. crowd is always immense at the St. Louis fair. Address G. O. Kalb, secretary, for premium list and rules.

> gratifying to know that it was very suc-Geo. Dunn, of Mercer; Gentry & Son, Mr. Cecil, of Mercer, carried out the and prosperity. ribbons.

In the cattle rings Messrs. W. W. Goddard, G. M. Bedford, of Bourbon; Worthington & Caldwell, T. C. which were divided among them. Mr.

& Myer got first for bull, and Dr. J M. Myer for cow; Rubie Gentry for cow under two years.

The usual fine and interesting exhibition of saddle and harness horses was made. The leading horsemen of Central Kentucky met on the grounds, and made gallant fights in most every ring, much to the amusement of the very fine crowd of spectators.

The Danville fair is under the management of young and energetic men, ho will add to its success by keeping it up in every way with the fairs in the other Bluegrass counties.

THE KANSAS STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

THE dogs in Henry county are kill- thorough and complete. It embraces bring over just as many British farmers increase and decrease, live stock and with situations. grams showing the increase or decrease HELP! HELP!—Week before last the of each crop for four years, and much action, in replenishing our fields with

diseases has been greater than hitherto, I warm, genial, sunny South.

It is Located at Lexington.

As was foreshadowed last week, the legislative committee, with Lieut. Gov. cents in the country. It will take at permanently located the Agricultural least four cents to make farmers happy. and Mechanical College at Lexington, commodation for the roots of the three where the city offered its park of 51 ORCHARD grass seed seems slow to acres, which cost with buildings \$50,000,

although that is what most of them State in the way that will best develop ally proved its great value. Upon this hold for. Ninety cents per bushel can the resources of her great agricultural and mineral districts.

There will be objections in future, no doubt, if past experiences are re- rows to keep down grass and weeds, ple thereof to be the cental or 100 gramme for the nineteenth St. Louis membered, to attaching the college to for the surface culture of the crop can pounds avoirdupois. fair and exposition is ready for distri- any other concern, or any other concern to the college; but it does appear fertilizer can be composted and mixed that some sort of connection should ex- with soil ready to fill in the holes whenist between the State Bureau of Agri- ever they are dug at any time during subject of the weight for vinegar to a culture and the A. and M. College.

the two should be in co-oporation with a spade. Thus by machinery and ima department of immigration, there are proved implements the work can be ment in making up the contracts. The THE DANVILLE FAIR.—The fair last great openings for future usefulness. week was the first under the manage- At this time there are millions of peoment of the new company, and it is ple, strong, able-bodied workmen in adopts Mr. Crump's process will be able Europe, dependent upon the United to double his cotton crop without any cessful in every way. We have space States for daily bread and meat. The more labor and cost than he now ex-AFTER the heavy storms of last week merely to mention some of the more pinch with them is not so great as it is pends in the old way of cultivating. port, of Fayette, sharply contested with Mr. R. M. Fisher for premiums for degree removed from actual want and does not say what fertilizers he uses, Southdown sheep. The premiums were starvation. Under these circumstances but they are doubtless a compost of pretty evenly divided. For Cotswolds, longing eyes have been turned to this cotton seed, guano and stable manure. country, and there is an earnest yearn-J. T. & Q. Burgess, of Bourbon, and ing to immigrate to this land of plenty to use the meal of cotton seed, from

The trades people are organizing clubs to ship some of their more needy fellow-workmen across the ocean, and a ton of seed, delivered at the mill. At skilled workmen are being sent over present the prevailing price paid by the Coleman, Gran. Cecil, and several by large manufacturers under contracts mills is only \$7 per ton for the seed, other exhibitors contested for the prizes to work in this country. Some British while they charge \$16 per ton at the establishments, in cutlery for instance, mill for the meal. The meal is no rich- make a better fertilizer than that of have found it advantageous to send er in proportion to weight than the ber 14, 15, 16 and 17. They give a good list of premiums. The programme stakes cow, and T. C. Coleman that for States to make their articles here, in a more convenient form and made to the c In the Jersey cattle ring, Caldwell stead of sending the ready-made articles spread over more land; still, the differacross the ocean and paying a high ence in value as a fertilizer between the duty, say sixty per cent. on their value. seed and the meal is not as great as that land, cheap buildings, cheap taxes, cneap food, cheap fuel; and, with their own than sell cotton seed at \$7 per ton to better. from the old country, they can make crush the seed in his corn mill and use their wares, such as knives, scissors it as a fertilizer for his cotton crop. million of work people will be drawn to this country in the next few years.

In the agricultural districts of England the suffering is particularly severe. It is useless for us to discuss the causes of this distress, for it is so great that The Kansas State Board of Agricul- Parliament has appointed a committee ture has issued a valuable report for the to do this. But one thing is certain: a quarter ending June 30, 1879. The well organized and energetic bureau of eport is by counties, and is very immigration could, at a small cost,

Whoever has land for sale, or wants speak at once, we would hear such a meteorological tables, wool clip, dia- mighty shout that would arouse the whole State to the necessity of prompt

ACRE

Several times during the last four years we have taken occasion to call attention to the send the paper to the donor for one year too. Come along!

The Bardstown fair will be held Separate of the South heard something.

The Bardstown fair will be held Separate of the South heard something. The premiums are liberal many crumbs falling about, which they could glean and fatten their carcasses on But these deluded negroes have on. But these deluded negroes have the pits as deep over their tops as the supply hoe, never allowing a plow to be used. The preparation is made in December in order to reason to expect much more than the obtained by good honest, hard work, the holes when prepared will make at least made to increase the number, and under ordinary circumstances it would be decreased, the freedom from epidemic diseases has been greater than hithorts. more cotton and better cotton by cultivating by the way, it does here, too.

two or three by Mr. Crump's process.—Aberdeen (Miss.) Examiner.

Mr. Crump has clearly hit upon a good thing. No system of culture can be so thorough and perfect as spading to the depth of eighteen inches. The holes are just large enough to afford accotton plants allowed to grow in each one, and they are near enough together to fill the rows with the growing plants without being crowded, but the rows This settles the vexed question at last, should be six feet apart in rich bottom lands, where the stalks grow six or

Mr. Crump has given the planters of useful in educating the youth of the the South the original idea and practicbasis great improvements can be made, such, for instance, as the use of a horse hoe or scraper to work between the the fall, winter and spring. In this number of prominent wholesale grocers, We do not undertake to point out in way more time for preparing the what manner this may be effected, or ground can be obtained, and a larger which should be subordinate, but it is crop can consequently be planted withimplements called post-hole augurs and If this college should be connected diggers, that will help the workman with the Bureau of Agriculture and along twice as fast as he can work with done more rapidly and more economically, and the planter who intelligently

The whole secret of Mr. Crump's process is the liberal use of manures. He is made especially for his trade. If the Instead of cotton seed, it will be better which the oil has been extracted, and the ashes from the hulls and stalks. An oil mill ought to give a ton of meal for prairies, where they have bleached for States to make their articles here, in- in a more convenient form and made to In this country they will have cheap made in the buying and selling price of each by the mills. Therefore, rather workmen and machinery brought over buy meal at \$16, every planter should scythes, hoes and other implements of Salt sown heavily between the rows fine steel, just as cheap as can be done during the spring and summer will keep pect of the future is that more than a the city pork houses can be bought at million of work people will be drawn to half price.

The prost-the fetting of the soft. Old saft from ous element of the bone intact."

Mr. Hoskins is selling great quantities half price.

The main point in Mr. Crump's process—and a good one it is, too—is in largely also this year to those who tried putting so large a supply of manure it last. (it being sufficient to last for three years) just where it is needed by the roots of the growing plants, and no where else! He concentrates the manure in the holes, just as the grain drill plants together the grain and its fertilizer in the same row, and all the manure is within reach of the plant to feed on. There is no waste, as there would be in spreading the manure broadcast over the land; nor is there any drying out of the plant, as in surface manuring, for as the long tap root of the cotton plant penetrates the soil in its downward growth, it finds rich ty food all the way down for 18 inches to keep up a vigorous and healthy growth of the stalk and branches. Thus drought will not affect it, and an early some and conveniently located home of Nothing could be more influential in MORE THAN TWO BALES TO THE frost will only aid the crop by checking the late Josephus Wilson, Esq., adjathe growth of the plant, and causing cent to the city of Shelbyville, Ky., is the bolls to open.

Southern planters to better their for- the most desirable in Kentucky. Read tunes by their own exertions.

KENTUCKY FAIRS.

The state of the s	
FlorenceAugust 27, 3 days	١
ShelbyvilleAugust 26, 3 days	ı
LexingtonAugust 26, 5 days	ı
SpringfieldAugust 27, 3 days	ı
AlexandriaSeptember 2, 5 days	ı
Franklin September 2, 5 days	ı
GermantownSeptember 2, 5 days	ı
Bowling Green September 4, 3 days	ı
BardstownSeptember 2, 3 days	١
ParisSeptember 2, 5 days	ı
HendersonSeptember 17, ——	١
HartfordSeptember 30, 5 days	١
GlasgowOctober 7, 4 days	1
OwensboroOctober 8, 3 days	ł
	1

subdue the fiery qualities of the fertilizer, and impracticable on account of the dam- them can address as above for prices, age they do to the highways. counties recover heavy damages against them where they have been using their roads.

Brass passes for gold in Africa; and,

THE CENTAL SYSTEM.

A telegram from New York to the Courier-Journal, recently, says:

The different trade organizations throughout the country are responding promptly to the circulars of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange asking them to unite in the cental system instead of the bushel, and by October I the new system will no doubt begin to operate smoothly.

The system provides that all dealings in grain, flour, meal, provisions, lard, tallow, butter, cheese, petroleum, naval stores, oils, hay, salt, seed, dried fruit, live and dressed stock, freights, storage or other articles of produce that are or may be dealt in by produce merchants, be based exclusively on the basis of weight, the unit of transactions to be the pound avoirdupois, and the multi-

To-day Messrs. Asa Stevens, A. S. Jewell, A. E. Orr, and Gustav Schwab. the Committee on Trade, referred the and the weight for molasses and syrups to the Importers' and Grocers' Board of Trade. This body has already adopted the cental system.

The weight fixed for oils is 71/2 lbs to the gallon. The weights of the various iquids are to be determined now, so that they might be accepted by the subsistence departments of the govern-Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Interior are both favorable to the adoption of the cental system.

ABOUT BONE DUST.—Mr. R. H. Hoskins, 31 Main street, this city, is agent for the Champion Raw Bone Meal, which meal comes up to his sample, and this he guarantees, no farmer can complain of its want of purity. Under a strong microscope its every particle shows that it is clear bone.

He explains that it is made in St. Louis from the bones gathered on the years; all the softer portions have decomposed, what is left being the hardest and purest bone. It is also claimed that the bones of wild or prairie cattle stall fed or slop fed stock. Of this we have no means of knowing, unless it be proven by actual test; but one suthe freedom from heat in cooking, that many of the bones gathered about cities have been subjected to. The raw bone meal is considered much

Mr. Hoskins has certificate of Prof. G. A. Liebig that he analyzed a sample of the same meal, from which we extract: "It is of remarkably uniform grain, free from all adulteration, and, not havin England, and the whole 60 per cent. down the grass and insects, and improve ing been subjected to any steaming or customs duty will be saved. The pros- the fertility of the soil. Old salt from boiling process, contains the nitrogen-

of this bone to the wheat growers, and

WE are just in receipt of the extentensive catalogue of Kidd's great combination sale. It takes just eightythree pages, closely crowded, to register the stock. If this is not to be the biggest sale ever held on Kentucky soil, numbers count for nothing. The Captain has advertised this sale all over the country at great expense, and his efforts have attracted more attention to Kentucky than anything that has been done lately. He deserves the good will and assistance of the whole communi-

A DESIRABLE HOME FOR SALE. -By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Vineland, the handfor sale. This beautiful and productive Here, then, is an opening for the farm is so situated as to make it one of the advertisement for particulars.

> A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.-Mr. Ed. C. Harbison advertises in this issue a bluegrass farm of sixty acres, lying near Cropper's Depot, Shelby county, Ky. The location is a good one, and the land is first-rate. As it is well improved, it should sell readily to any one wanting such a place. See advertisement for particulars.

GRAPE VINES .- Mrs. Z. F. Smith, Eminence, Ky., has a lot of nice Ives' Seedling grape vines for sale at the low-ROAD engines are about to prove est market rate. Any one in want of

> "My Grandmother's Churn" is a new song by Professor Schoeller, of Dalton, Ga. It is published by R. W. Carroll & Co., Cincinnati, O. Price, thirty cents.

LIVE STOCK.

A FINE COTSWOLD FOR SOME.

As an inducement to some one to get up a club of twenty subscribers to sale. the FARMERS' HOME JOURNAL, Messrs. R. Winlock & Bro., of Hiseville, Barren county, Ky., offer as a premium

A Fine Cotswold Ram Lamb, the pick of their very fine flock of imported bred sheep. The lamb is one sired by 2d Duke of Berlin, he by worth most?" imported Duke of Berlin, and guaranteed to weigh from 100 to 130 lbs as much per lb to the butcher, and will equaled. As evidence of this, the but at four months old.

SALE OF FALSETTO.—It is said that Col. Hunt Reynolds has sold his three year old horse, Falsetto, to Mr. Pierre Lorillard for \$18,000. Mr. Lorillard will send him to England to try his mettle with the English cracks.

SALE OF FINE STOCK .- Rev. M. P. Bailey sold last month (July) to Dalley Parker, of Sebree City, a Cotswold male sheep, one year old, for \$20; to J. B. Curry & Co., Pomona, Kansas, two Cotswold male lambs, six months old, at \$30; to same, one Shorthorn male calf, eleven months old, at \$75; to S. H. Perkins, Elkton, one Cotswold male lamb, four months old, at \$10.—Elkton Register.

Jerseys at Chicago, June 23, was not prosperity in the lamb business will very encouraging to the high-toned gladly furnish you with a Southdown breeders of New York. The Ogden ram; for they have them to sell, and Farm Association sold 25 head; 5 bulls would like to get rid of them while it is averaged \$50 each, the cows and heif- breezy in Shelby, for they can't raise ers sold mostly from \$50 to \$100, one enough wind in the upper counties to heifer calf sold for \$30, and one cow for run a Southdown sail. Your advisors \$145. The sale was not judiciously are no doubt buying them in the upper advertised in the West; the stock sold counties, where the farmers have exwas not desirable for our Western perimented and now don't want any breeders, as they have better stock. more Southdowns in theirs. Imported and well bred Jerseys are in demand here at good prices.—Western Hall, J. T. Carpenter, J. D. Guthrie, Agriculturist, Quincy, Ill.

L. E. Brown, Mack Walters, Z. Z. Agriculturist, Quincy, Ill.

LAGRANGE COURT DAY SALES.

Editor Farmers' Home Journal:

Wm. Barnhill & Son sold to W. S. Kelly one bull calf, ten months old, for \$73; to J. T. Wilson, Eminence, Ky., one bull calf, eight months old, for \$58; one bull calf, five months old, to J. Q. Vincent, for \$46.50; twenty ewes at \$4.90 per head.

Charles Stonestreet for \$51. Thomas Logan sold one bull calf to

John Mount for \$44.

J. R. Anderson sold five Cotswold bucks, average about \$9.

Will Achison sold three rams at \$10 per head.

at common prices. W. B. Lagrange, Ky., Aug. 18.

THE COMBINATION SALE.

sale, to be held at the Lexington fair brief. It eats nothing; only deposits first, the pedigree afterward. grounds September 9 and 10, promises its larva in the nostrils of the sheep. much more probability of the reproto be the biggest thing of the kind ever | During this time, if the sheep could be | duction of the characteristics possessed held in Kentucky. Already the entries are over two hundred horses, thirty Shorthorn and forty-one Jersey cattle, all would fare well, perhaps. and nearly three hundred pure bred Cotswold and Southdown sheep.

is a first rate one. Kentucky is a great on the sheep's noses two or three times down to it through a long line of anstock growing country, and every year a week; or dusting the sheep in the cestry, there is almost absolute certainty the farms throw off a surplus of horses, cattle and sheep. This surplus is sure utes with slacked lime, to make them spring. Length of pedigree is not so to find willing buyers in other sections, cough and sneeze, so they will throw important as its character; the names when it is offered for sale. Many who the young grubs out in the operation of of noted breeders of noted animals are wish to sell have not enough stock to sneezing. incur the expense of advertising and managing a sale. Besides, a combination of buyers can not be had at a small smeared around these holes, so the National Live Stock Journal. sale. It will not pay them to go to it. But at a combination every seller contributes his share of the expense, and tively. The inhaling of carbolic acid the great amount of stock offered brings in the bidders.

The Central Kentucky people seem to have taken hold of the idea, and the ed around several times, has been pracway they support these sales shows ticed. A weakened solution of carhow they regard them. We look for a bolic acid, or creosote, has been used large crowd at the coming sale, and ex- the same way. pect to report good prices.

SOUTHDOWN VS. COTSWOLD.

It has been a mooted question among farmers for the last year or two as to which breed they should get a ram from to use with common or grade ewes for the purpose of raising market lambs. Recently some of the lamb buyers published a card, in which they advised the use of Southdown rams. To this some breeders and farmers make the following reply, which they publish in the Shelby Sentinel of last week:

the Sentinel advising the farmers of more we are satisfied that she is the these characteristics is potent.—Prairie Shelby county to secure Southdown animal for small farmers—those who Farmer. rams to breed their ewes to for market keep from one to ten cows. Where lambs. We simply want to say, that milk only is the object, the Ayrshire or they have axes to grind, and that they Holstein may be preferable, but for London Tramways Company was lately matters over by forcing balances. He are grinding fast and smoothly on Shel- butter and cream the Jerseys are the committed for stealing the hair out of only fell deeper into financial compliby county stones just now. But we best. A writer in an agricultural ex- the tails of fifty horses belonging to cations. There seems to be no dispoventure to say, as we are well acquaint change, in speaking of the merits of the the company. He sold his stealings at sition on the part of the bank officials ed with the kind of metal that Shelby various breeds, says:

county stones are made of, that all the steel will be ground out of the Southdown hatchet in one year's time.

half bred Cotswold lamb weighing 100 able to all others.

from 35c to 50c more than the South- Journal. down; which would make a considerable count in favor of the former. There is no question as to the Cotswold making the largest weights."

Mack Walters, of this county, sold to at 41/4c, and they averaged 108 lbs. The largest one weighed 130 lbs, and was lambed first of March. Jas. Picket raised two lots of lambs from the same weighed 93 lbs. The lambs from the Southdown ram weighed 76 lbs.

We want to say to the farmers of Shelby and adjoining counties that the OGDEN FARM JERSEYS.—The sale of parties who are so anxious about your

(Signed by) J. V. Goodman, W. H. Carpenter, N. Frazier, S. T. Drane, A. Robertson, W. C. Callaway, A. F. Scearce, E. L. Shouse.

SHEEP-GRUBS IN HEAD.

Grubs are deposited in the nostrils

or June, when fully matured. Then they drop to the ground, where they remain forty to sixty days, when the fly and the pedigree are both important in She was simply and quietly reared by comes forth from its pupa state to prop- any animal to be used for breeding pur-Captain Kidd's great combination agate its kind. Its life in this state is poses. We should place the animal kept on new pastures, where the bot-fly by the animal, than of those not manihad not been dropped in the grub state, fested by it, but which characterized

The idea of these semi-annual sales thrust their noses into; or smearing tar sessed by the individual, but have come barn, closely confined, for a few min- that it will reproduce them in the off-

> into a log a couple of inches, with tar in question possessed superior merit.sheep may smear their noses in getting at the salt, is practiced by some effecvapor is recommended by some. A feather, dipped in oil of turpentine, and gently passed up the nostrils and turn-

Sheep with grub in the head ought to be well fed to keep up the vitality and strength of the sheep. The extra demands, for this irritating cause, can hardly be estimated. The trying season on sheep from this parasite, are the late winter and early spring months.

Lambs, on account of the more tender state of the linings, suffer more seriously from their assaults than older sheep. -Coleman's Rural World.

COWS FOR SMALL FARMS.

There was a card in the last issue of with the merits of the Jersey cow, the and dam are good, the transmission of

The farmer who usually keeps a few cows, from which he expects to realize money profit, besides supplying his own One of the largest lamb dealers in the table with plenty of milk and butter, State was interviewed at Mr. Scott's should keep only those of each breed as are best adapted to the purpose. In "Mr. R—, we want you to tell us order to do so, he has to consult the which is worth the most, a half bred observation and experience of others Southdown lamb weighing 100 lbs, or a to find out that the Jersey is far prefer-

The cows of this breed are easily Answer-"The Cotswold, of course." kept, very docile and beautiful, yield-"Mr. R-, why is the Cotswold ing milk of superior richness, from which is produced butter which, for Answer-"Because it is worth just color, solidity and fine flavor, is unproduce from one and a half to two lbs ter made from Jerseys commands, as a more wool than the Southdown, wool general thing, from 25 to 50 per cent. being worth 25c per lb. You can there- better price in market than that made fore see that the Cotswold lamb is worth from other breeds. - Southern Live Stock

THE VALUE OF A PEDIGREE.

A not uncommon mistake in selecting the foundation of a breeding stud or herd or flock, is in paying undue atten-F. A. Byars his entire lot of ram lambs tion to some one feature which strikes the fancy. The fact that an animal had a noted sire, or possesses a fine head and neck, is not conclusive evidence of ewes. The lambs from the Cotswold ram dam, or some more remote ancestor, may have been very inferior, or a dozen than the appearance of the head, may be poor. It is a good rule to select the animal with the fewest defects rather than the one with striking excellences. The latter may blind us to the for- tion of medical officers of the navy to

As no intelligent breeder expects to find all the animals of any breed or any family equally excellent, so it should always be kept in mind that not all animals are equally good for breeding purposes, even though they be equally well bred and equally good in their own characteristics. Hence the value of an animal is decidedly increased when it has been proved to be able to transmit its good qualities. It is often a mistake to insist on purchasing young thorough investigation of the causes animals. A sire or dam which can show a good progeny is valuable for breeding purposes, even if already in middle life.

It is a safe rule not to select, either of the sheep, during the months of for breeding or labor, animals which July and August, by the sheep bot-fly have been uniformly kept under much (Æstrus ovis). Various remedies have more favorable conditions than they been offered, all of which are to dis- will probably be kept in the future. David Beall sold one bull calf to lodge the grubs, or prevent the gad-fly Disappointment and loss have often from depositing the egg or grub. Each come from making purchases of animals theory is received, but that the fly de-which have been kept in high flesh, posits the living grub is advanced by and carefully protected from cold and Riley and generally believed of late.

As soon as the larva is deposited, it mals to "rough it." On the other bring sorrow to thousands who remembers begins to creep upward, irritating the hand, surprisingly good results often ber how, little more than five years delicate linings of the nose as it goes come from giving better care and more up. It remains in the head until May liberal feeding than that to which the

the parents.

The preventives are: keeping a well But, as has so often been stated, if plowed piece of ground for the sheep to these characteristics are not only posof value only in so far as they give evi-Salting sheep in auger holes, bored dence that the ancestry of the animal

A JERSEY PINAFORE. Chicago, July 23.

CAPT. FOWLER - "Worthless brutes." THE COL.—"Never!" CAPT. FOWLER .- "What! never?" THE COL.—"Well, hardly ever!" -Country Gentleman

LARGE boned animals are apt to be the contrary, those of firm, hard bones home.* usually show large muscular development, and here again this is intensified the male is held to be prepotent, and The better we become acquainted roomy in the barrel. When both sire

10d per lb.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Our National Capital Under the Water. Secretary Thompson Taking Care of the Country's Health—The Death of Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris.

For five days a tropical "rainy seasucceeded each other, with more or less frequency and violence, from Wednesday till to-day, and the rain has fallen in one monotonous pour, the only vari ation being that it would frequently try to rain a little harder than before, and drive him for shelter to the first protecting doorway. On Saturday night the sewers proved insufficient to carry off the storm water, and for the first time this summer the water backed up in them, and did serious damage to low lying cellars. The streets, too, were temporarily submerged in many sections, making travel difficult and even dangerous. The water, which had been rushing down the Fifteenth street sewer (now being built) with great violence all the evening, reached a climax about o o'clock on Saturday night, and took a good pedigree or a good animal. The along with it a large quantity of the side excavation opposite the Riggs House. Being on the side next the points, of greater practical importance railroad, the cars were compelled to jump the track and proceed up the street on the concrete surface.

Secretary Thompson has just issued an important circular, calling the attenthe instructions already issued to them regarding reports of the sanitary condition of places visited by naval vessels. The secretary orders that during the continuance of the yellow fever and other contageous diseases, returns from ports of the West Indies, Gulf of Mexico and South America shall be forwarded with all possible promptitude. In all the last named ports the surgeons of fleets and of the several vessels are required to make a most of prevailing diseases, particularly yellow fever and cholera. The results of these observations will be forwarded without delay, and will be turned over to the National Board of Health for their guidance in the important matters confided to them by law. The Department of State has also issued a circular to United States consuls, directing them to co-operate with the National Board of Health in every way possible, with a view to advising it of the out-

break of any infectious disease. The news of Nelly Grant's death will ago, she passed down the steps of the White House with a bridal wreath upon She was born on the 4th of July, 1855.
She was simply and quietly reared by her parents, and had grown to be the good fairy of their household. Her modesty had and are to all the I nere is modesty had endeared her to all those who visited her father's house. Her charity to the poor had been proverbial. And therefore it was with much the same feelings that they would have witnessed the marriage of their own daughter that all Washington arose on that beautiful summer morning in May, 1874, to see her place her hand in that of the Englishman, Algernon Charles Frederick Sartoris. The scene will be remembered by many who witnessed the interesting ceremonies. Following eight bridesmaids dressed in white, the President, his wife and two younger sons, the bride entered with upraised head and intent look. She never looked better; her bright, innocent face looking childlike it its youth, as flush and color passed alternately over it.

The bride left afterward for Europe. Several times since they have visited America, and made their old ties of friendship firmer. In 1875 a child was born to them. The news of their daughter's death will cause the deepest grief, not only to ex-President and Mrs. Grant, but to all who were acquainted weak, and with small muscular develop- with the family. Gen. Grant's friends ment, generally from imperfection in say that the death of his daughter will the digestive organs. If the defect is put an end to his tour around the constitutional, this is intensified. On world, and cause his immediate return

The discovery of a heavy defalcation by W. N. Roach, cashier of the by hereditary transmission. In this the male is held to be prepotent, and sensation last Friday. Roach was rehence the necessity that the sire at least garded as one of the most upright busibe fine and come of such families. The ness men in the city. The latest acmale should have large development of count from the bank officials places the lung power, and good digestion es- loss at \$57,200. The speculations extend over a period of two years. Roach was interested in a lumber firm, and attempted to make up losses, through unfortunate speculations, by appropriating the funds of the bank. He evidently hoped at some time to replace the A HORSE feeder in the employ of the money, and in the meantime to smooth to prosecute him.

Colonel John G. Brownlow, who was removed from the position of revenue agent in Tennessee to make room for a man from Michigan, has been given a clerkship in the Treasury Department by Secretary Sherman. The colonel son" has afflicted the District and sur- of revenue agent was not the act of says that his removal from the position rounding country. Thunder storms Secretary Sherman, but one of his bureau officers, Mr. Raum, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. He says further that he has never been able to learn from Mr. Raum the reasons for his removal. Those who assume to semi-occasionally let up, tempting the matter of politics in Tennessee, in which know the cause say that it was a mere unwary citizen from his hearth, only to the Treasury Department may some day be interested. AUGUST.

Washington, August 18. [*Subsequent information shows that it was not Nelly Grant who died, but another lady named Sartoris. - ED.]

A TIMID Bostonian has married a lady whose weight verges closely upon 200 pounds. "My dear," said he to her, shall I help you over the fence?" "No," says she to him, "Help the

THE right thing in the right place is without doubt Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, the best remedy for babies while teething. Price, 25

Vineland at Public Sale!

S EXECUTORS of Mrs. M. A. WILSON, de-

A S EXECUTORS of Mrs. M. A. WILSON, deceased, we will sell on the premises, on Wednesday, September 24, 1879, the farm of said decedent, consisting of seventy acres of choice land, on the Mt. Eden turnpike road, one-half mile south of Shelbyville, Ky.

Vineland combines the advantages and pleasures of town and country life.

The improvements are a large two-story frame house, with wide halls, verandah, porches, etc. The outhouses are servants' rooms, bath room, carriage and hen houses, meat house, ice house, stables, corn cribs, etc. An apple orchard of choice fruits. A fine assortment of pear, plum and damson trees, all bearing. Grapes, strawberries, raspberries, currants, etc., in abundance. A well of lasting water, and a cistern in the yard. Two pools of water for stock. Large forest and evergreen trees in the yard. The farm is inclosed with stone fence, and cross lines of stone.

We do not hesitate to recommend Vineland as the most desirable suburban residence in Shelby county. Any information desired will be given.

Parties wanting to see the place can call on Mr. Sharp, on the premises, who will take pleasure in showing it.

Terms easy, and made known on day of sale.

Terms easy, and made known on day of sale. GEO. W. HARBISON, HENRY M. LYLE, D. N. SHARP, Executors. Address, Shelbyville, Ky.

PUBLIC SALE

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC SALE, ON THE 23d day of September, 1879, if not sold privately before that time, on the premises, my FARM lying in Shelby county, on the Mulberry and Eminence Turnpike road,

Ten Miles North of Shelbyville, and 3 1-2 Miles South of Eminence, Contain-ing Sixty Acres of No. 1 Land,

In fine condition, well watered, and under good feneing, with fifteen acres of fine timber, well set in blue grass. The residue of said land is in a fine state of cultivation. There is on said farm a good and comfortable frame dwelling of five rooms, good stable and core rip burgs house milk house and

GRANT'S TOUR AROUND THE WORLD

A complete record of the journey of General U. S. Grant through Europe, Asia and Africa, with graphic descriptions of the places visited, interesting incidents, enthusiastic ovations by Emperors, Kings, and the people of all climes. Profusely illustrated. Price, \$2.50. Outsel's any book in the market. Territory is being rapidly taken. Agents Wa, ated. eing rapidly taken. Agents Waated.

34-2t FORSHEE & McMAKIN, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED for the best selling book of the year-new, scientific,

DISEASES OF LIVE STOCK

and their most efficient remedies. Including Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. A popular treatise, giving a description of all the usual diseases to which these animals are liable, and the most successful treatment of American, English and European veterinarians, by LLOYD V. TELLOR, M. D. Pp. 460. Price, cloth, \$2.50. Sold only by subscription. Specimen copy mailed on receipt of price. Every stock owner and farmer will buy this book on sight, as it will save him hundreds of dollars. AN AGENT WANTED IN EVERY TOWN. Agents are making from \$10 to \$20 a day selling it. For Circulars and terms, address FORSHEE & Mc-MAKIN, Cincinnati, O.



It is passive suicide to permit the health to be undermined, the constitution broken, and the lease of life shortened, by nervous complaints, constipation, billiousness, indigestion, headache, or intermittent and remittent fevers, when it is a fact established by unquestioned evidence that the Bitters will prevent and remove these evils. All the symptoms of lassitude and general debility speedily vanish when this invigorant is given a trial.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

MISCELLANEOUS.

By Judge E. H. Bennett.

LIABILITY FOR HIS MEN.

The liability of a farmer who employs actually employed in his business; brush, and the lad leaves his work to nerves.' look after partridge-snares or rabbitinto the next field, and consumes the crops or fence of your neighbor, you must pay the bill, although you told him to watch it carefully, and never leave it a minute.

If you send a load of farm produce into town, and the driver falls into a doze and runs into another team, you must pay for the broken spokes. If your man, in going to or from the hayfield, carelessly swings his scythe, and cuts an ugly gash in the leg of a passerby, you had better pay the doctor's bill, and be glad to get off thus easy. If, in cutting your wood, a man accidentally cuts over the line, on your neighbor's lot, you are responsible, although you told him where the line was. And though your man shows a touch of prosecution of your business, and intentionally runs into another team which somewhat obstructs his way while driving your load, you may not screen yourself behind his unnecessary and wilful violation of your orders. Of course, in all these cases, you could compel the servant to repay you all the expenses he had thus caused you by his misconduct.

On the other hand, to make you responsible for his carelessness, he must have been at the very time on your business. If he borrows your horse and wagon, and goes off on pleasure, or business of his own, and runs over somebody, you are not responsible, merely because it was your horse and wagon; much less would the master be liable if the servant took his team without his knowledge on pleasure or busi-

ness of his own. How it would be if the fellow was on his own business and yours too, is a nice question, which might puzzle even a "Philadelphia lawyer." In one instance a farmer lent his man his team to go to town for a holiday, and asked him to stop at the butcher's on his way home, and bring along a piece of meat for next day's dinner. While fulfilling this order, the man also took a little "fire-water," and soon after ran over an old woman in the public highway; but the master was considered not responsible. This was, however, in the courts of the Emerald Isle.

men may do to third persons, he is not responsible for such an injury to other fellow-workmen. If his man, therefore, by the very same act of negligence, injures a co-laborer and also a bystander, the latter would have redress against the master, and the other not; for, by a species of rather artificial reasoning I think, a man, when hiring out, is supposed in law to have anticipated any direct injury from the carelessness of his co-laborers, and taken the risk on himself (but not to his wife), whatever his rate of wages.

But, on the other hand, he is not presumed to have contemplated any negligence on the part of his employer, and therefore he has a remedy against the latter for his own personal carelessness, or in providing dangerous or insufficient machinery or apparatus, or even in hiring notoriously incompetent or habitually careless men. In one instance an employer was compelled to pay two hundred dollars to his hired man, who fell into a barrel of hot water, set in the ground and carelessly left uncovered, but which the man did not

know of. And this last rule would probably render the employer liable for any injury to his servants from dangerous or vicious animals intrusted to them to take care of; at least, if the owner knew of their character, and the man did not. But this whole subject is surrounded with subtle distinctions; and my best advice to you is, that, if you ever have such a case, you do not rely upon this lecture, nor upon any of those books called "Every Man his own Lawyer," but go and get the best legal counsel you can find.

[To be Continued.]

"My folks are going to the country, to be gone all summer!" enthusiastically exclaimed a little girl, recently, as she met another on Cass avenue. "Your pa must be awful rich," replied for a thousand iniquities. the second. "Oh, no, he isn't; but if you'll never tell anybody I'll tell you something." "I never will—hope to does best when it is lead.

die if I do." "Well, then, pa was tell- SADDLE HORSES ON THE FARM. ing ma that we'd all go out to Uncle John's. Ma she'll work for her board, pa LEGAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF will work in the saw mill, I'll pick berries and ride a horse to plow corn. ries and ride a horse to plow corn, brother Tom will go round with a lightning-rod man; and while you folks many hands may prove extremely on- are in the awful heat, we'll be putting erous at times. As a general rule, he on airs and fixing over our old clothes for is liable for all the injury they do while fall. Don't you tell, now, for ma is saying to everybody that she must have therefore if you send a boy to burn old the country air to restore her shattered

For the Farmers' Home Journal. boxes in the wood, and the fire runs THE ANIMAL KINGDOM .- 13.

BY HIRAM ORCUTT, A. M.

The red monkey has a right to only a small space in this paper. He has a round head, flat nose, and nostrils open in grooves, and his cheek-pouches are outside of his teeth. His body is about seventeen inches long and of a reddish color, and his face is marked by a black band. He is very active and irritable. He is a native of Sene-

We next come to the varied or mono monkey, as he is called. This species has been distinguished for beauty. Why not call a monkey beautiful as well as a horse or a dog? We speak of these animals only by comparison, still maliciousness in his act done in the either genus may be really beautiful in kind and degree. The varied colors of this monkey add to his attractions. A greenish yellow, black, purple and flesh colored hair is found upon his head, including a pair of large bushy whiskers. A chestnut brown covers his neck, back and sides, and a pure white lines the under surface of his body and limbs. With all these natural decorations this monkey is a fop of the first order. He is a native of Northern Africa. A colder climate makes him more hardy than others of his kind. He is naturally timid, and usually avoids inhabited regions. When fruits become scarce in the forests they descend in large troops upon the plains and seek a living by gathering insects from under stones.

Here we have a marvel in creation of a special arrangement for a special purpose. Near the mouth of this monkey there are two bags of sufficient capacity to hold two days' provisions. Into them they gather the insects which they find in the plains. This monkey is quite docile and bright, and withal an intolerable pickpocket. Trained to this art among men, he would become an expert. Indeed, he has a natural passion for pilfering, and no correction has ever availed to subdue it. He is share their pastime.

monkey. His body is marked by a variety of colors—black, white, gray, yellow and reddish brown. His body is sixteen and his tail twelve inches long. In the savage state they live in and replied, "Ah, my royal mistress. large troops, and feed upon fruit, insects and the eggs of birds. They are easily tamed, and are sold in large you not say anything in his behalf, my numbers to Europeans who trade upon lord?" Wellington shook his head. numbers to Europeans who trade upon the coast of Africa. They are gentle and affectionate.

monkeys that accompanied him on a journey: He became tired, and determined to have a ride upon his master's spaniel dog. "At first," he said, on to him in such a manner that neither running, jumping nor turning sult. A good soldier, you said? Oh! round was of any use. When he tried I thank you for that. And you may to get him off by rolling over upon the tell him that your word saved him." earth, or in the ditch, he would jump lightly to the distance of a few paces, sit down and observe the dog; but the dog's back. At last the poor dog, weary himself to his fate, and, philosopher came the constant servant of the wilful Journal. monkey.

And why should not the monkey ride when he is tired? and why should not the dog carry him?

force itself into that tender part of the measure, I fear many times our fault

A PEN may be driven, but the pencil

The memory of man extendeth to the day, says the Nashville American, when the boys on the farm were proud to ride a fine young horse to church or to see the girls. They took pride in the colts, and taught them to move freely under the saddle, and above all, when the colt was broken, he was taught to walk. Now, the boys must have a fine buggy and harness, and the colt must show his style and speed all the time. The boy is in too great a hurry to allow the colt to walk. The colt, buggy and boy are soon a used-up set, by fast driving. The business of buggy riding by farmers' boys is expensive, extravagant and demoralizing.

a turnout for the lad. Many of them buy a buggy and let it stand in the sun and storm. They are too poor to have a house for vehicles. Such men can not afford the luxury of a buggy. If we could return to the fashion of riding more on horseback, we would save millions to the farmers, and the growing boys and girls would develop better forms and have better health. Any lazy lout can ride in a buggy, but to be a graceful rider on horseback one must have some energy and get-up in his nature. There is life and health in riding on horseback. The whole system feels the invigorating effect of it. The rider and the horse catch the fire of sympathy and excitement in the run, or fast paces, and every nerve and muscle of the body is brought into healthful,

invigorating play. The mania for trotting horses has been felt on every farm in the land. The country is full of road horses that some man or boy loves to pull the strings on. They are usually poor saddle horses, slow walkers and rough. We need a reform. The place to begin is in breed ing a class of horses of good style and action, that can move freely in more than one gait. The English market is open for such horses. The well knit horse of good style and action, suitable for the hunter or a carriage, will bring better prices than our average horse.

The farmer will find it to his interest to raise a class of colts that the boys will like to ride. He can raise three or four fine saddle colts for what one buggy and harness will cost, and a fair saddle horse will bring more money than the average roadster.

ANECDOTE OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

The queen was not twenty years of age when she ascended the throne. Coming into possession of power with a fond of caresses, but always takes the heart fresh, tender and pure, and with opportunity to pick the pocket of the all her instincts inclined to mercy, we friend who caresses him. When his may be sure that she found many things cheek pouches are filled with pro- that tried her strength of resolution to visions his head appears twice as large the utmost. On a bright, beautiful as usual, and he is liable to be attacked morning the young queen was waited One more distinction on this subject by his fellows, who wish to share his upon at her palace at Windsor by the it may be well for you to know; and bounty. To avoid such attacks he Duke of Wellington, who had brought that is, that, although an employer is sometimes retires secretly to some retreat and there unloads his provisions, her signature to make them operative. where they can afterward be found, One of them was a sentence of court and then returns to the company to martial pronounced against a soldier of the line—the sentence that he be shot TWENTY subscribers will secure In the deep and silent forests of dead. The queen looked upon the Congo and Guinea we find the roloway paper, and then looked upon the won- TWENTY subscribers will secure drous beauties that nature had spread to

> "What has this man done?" she asked. The duke looked at the paper that man, I fear, is incorrigible. He has deserted three times." "And can "Oh! think again, I pray you!" Seeing that her majesty was so deeply A French writer gives the following moved, and feeling sure that she would amusing account of one of these not have the man shot in any event, he finally confessed that the man was brave and gallant, and really a good soldier. "But," he added, "think of the influence." "Influence," the queen "the dog was terribly alarmed, and cried, her eyes flashing and her bosom tried to shake off the unwelcome in- heaving with strong emotion. "Let it truder. But the monkey seized his be ours to wield influence. I will try long hair with his fore paws, and clung mercy in this man's case, and I charge you, your grace, to let me know the re-

> Then she took the paper and wrote with a bold, firm hand, across the dark page the bright, saving word, "Parmoment he rose up again, with another jump, he would seat himself upon the the story, and he was willing, also, to confess that the giving of that paper to of so useless an opposition, resigned the pardoned soldier gave him far more joy than he could have experienced like, making a virtue of necessity, be- from the taking of a city.-London

> UNDER great sorrow or any great trial we can be calm and brave, but it is the thousand and one little vexations of daily life that start the fret, and we PRESERVE your conscience always fret, fret until we hardly realize or soft and sensitive. If but one sin measure how much. If we could but soul and dwell there, the road is paved findings would far exceed our words of endearment and appreciation.

> > No one is more profoundly sad than he who is obliged to laugh.

1879.

1879

armers' Home Journal

FOR THE YEAR 1879.

PREMIUMS FOR CLUBS

The great success of our premium offers last winter warrants Not one farmer in ten can afford such the publisher in presenting the following List of Premiums for

> To any person getting up the number of names for a specified premium we will forward, according to his direction, the article called for. Subscriptions must be for one year. Renewals can be included. All subscriptions for these premiums, unless other wise stated, may be at \$1.50 each per year. Names may be sent one, two or more as taken, and notice given of intention to try for premiums so that a record of them may be kept.

REGULAR STANDING PREMIUMS.

A CLUB OF

EIGHTY subscribers at \$1.50 each will secure for the one who gets it up

A Shorthorn Bull Calf

SEVENTY subscribers will secure

A Jersey Bull Calf

SIXTY subscribers will secure

A Pair of Fine Cotswold Ewes

FIFTY subscribers will secure

A Fine Cotswold Ram

FIFTY subscribers will secure

A Ladies' Gold Double Case Watch.

FORTY subscribers will secure

A Pure Southdown Ram.

FORTY subscribers will secure A Pair of Poland-China Pigs (Boar and Sow) FORTY subscribers will secure

A Pair of Berkshire Pigs (Boar and Sow) FORTY subscribers will secure

A Good Sewing Machine FORTY subscribers will secure

A Pair of Jersey Red Pigs (Boar and Sow). THIRTY subscribers will secure

A Fine Saddle Worth \$12. THIRTY subscribers will secure A Complete Set of Buggy Harness.

TWENTY subscribers will secure A Fine Berkshire Pig (either sex). TWENTY subscribers will secure

A Fine Poland-China Pig (either sex). TWENTY subscribers will secure

A Fine Jersey Red Pig (either sex). TWENTY subscribers will secure A Two-horse Gale Chilled Plow.

TWENTY subscribers will secure A Two-horse Oliver Chilled Plow.

A Two-horse Brinly Plow.

A Gents' Silver Hunting Case Watch. Fully warranted by Otis W. Snyder, Jeweler, Louisville. EIGHTEEN subscribers will secure

A Trio of Plymouth Rock Fowls. EIGHTEEN subscribers will secure

A Trio of Light or Dark Brahma Fowls. EIGHTEEN subscribers will secure

A Pair of Bronze Turkeys. EIGHTEEN subscribers will secure

A Trio of Buff Cochin Fowls. EIGHTEEN subscribers will secure

Webster's Illustrated Unabridged Dictionary. TWELVE subscribers will secure

A Pair of Light or Dark Brahma Fowls. TWELVE subscribers will secure

A Pair of Buff Cochin Fowls. TWELVE subscribers will secure

A Pair of Plymouth Rock Fowls. TEN subscribers will secure

A Family Bible Worth \$9. TEN subscribers will secure

A Forty-knife Cutting Box. TEN subscribers will secure A Set of Solid Silver Teaspoons.

TEN subscribers will secure \$5 worth of Strawberry or Raspberry Plants. From the Nursery of J. Decker.

TEN subscribers will secure an order for \$5 worth of Nursery Stock

From S. L. Gaar's Nursery, Anchorage. FIVE subscribers will secure

One of E. Brown's Celebrated Pruning Knives. FIVE subscribers will secure

A Copy of Thomas' American Fruit Culturist. FIVE subscribers will secure \$2 worth of Flower or Garden Seed. THREE subscribers will secure

One Copy of Ropp's Easy Calculator. TWO subscribers, at \$3.00 for the two, will secure A Solid Silver Thimble (any size.)

GENERAL NEWS.

From The Tobacco News, August 16. -There are 4,000 men employed on the street car lines in Chicago. Milwaukee has a population of 130,000,
an increase of 59,000 in ten years.
Of the total exports of Cuba, the United

- Heavy imports from America have caused a material decline in the price of wheat

The export from New York in the month of July were \$29,586,922, against \$29,010,838 for July, 1878.

-The first month of the new fiscal year will show a balance of trade in favor of this country of about \$15,000,000.

In value the sugar imports represent nearly one-sixth of all our imported merchandise, amounting in 1878 to \$81,187,504.

-A New York company of car builders are engaged in filling orders for horse cars for the London Tramways Company.

—The yield of grain along the Northern Pacific, in Minnesota and Dakota, the present

from pleuro-preumonia and other diseases, exceeded 20,000 head. The largest number

were victims of mouth disease. —The value of the wheat crop of England during the last six years has fallen off more than \$31,000,000 a year, or \$185,000,000 for

-The receipts of the New York custom house for the fiscal year were \$98,045,899, an increase over 1878 of \$6,052,968. The decrease

in expenses was \$186,437.

—After a week's idleness, the striking miners of the Moss Bank coal mine, located at Danville Ill., have resumed work at the old

wages—65c per ton.

—From November 1 to August 7 the shipments from Chicago of hog products aggregated 888,834,499 lbs, against 766,872,136 lbs

for the same period last year.

—Machine-made doors, window frames and sashes are becoming a large article of export from this country. One hundred thousand doors were shipped to England last year.

—A rich gold lead has been discovered in Montague district Nova Social As the re-

Montague district, Nova Scotia. As the result of the labor of ten men for four weeks, a bar of gold valued at \$4,600 is exhibited. —A new ferry-boat at San Francisco is 424 feet long and 116 wide, has four rudders at each end, and eight boilers, and will carry

twenty-four railroad cars at a time.

—In 1872 the United States purchased some \$200,750,000 of English and Irish man-

\$70,500,000—a decrease of 65 per cent.

—Professor Aughey, of the Nebraska State
University, says there have been found in Nebraska 2,200 varieties of plants, 60 varieties of forest trees, and 72 varieties of shrubs.

-Western drummers have held a meeting and raised funds to test the legality of the Texas law which requires the payment of \$200

New York in July was 12,710, against 8,689 further advance, but there is not much same month last year. The number for the "nerve" apparent yet in the trade. year ended July 31 was 103,245, against

1,076 dozen, while for the eleven months ending June 30 they amounted to

117,900 dozen. —At the close of the war a young man named Crouch hired out to herd sheep for \$12 a month in Frio county, Texas. He now owns 150,000 acres of fenced land, 4,000 cattle

and 7,000 sheep.

—According to the investigations of Sir Edward Watkin, \$3,590,000,000 are invested in English railroads by about 400,000 different persons. The profits average less than 4½ per cent.
—Mattoon, Ill., is to have a coal mine. A

party of capitalists have leased 400 acresone-half of which lies within the city limits—for a term of twenty years, and will at once proceed to sink a shaft.

over 10 per cent.

—There is a steadily growing European demand for American fruits. The value of fruits exported last year was \$2,937,025.

-The official statement of the earnings and expenditures of the Sing Sing prison for the month of July shows aggregate earnings to The buciness situation, then, is ce States gets fully 90 per cent.

—The government revenue on beer is now increasing at the rate of over \$500,000 an
\$\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}\frac{1}{3}\frac{1

caused a material decline in the price of wheat in France.

The average value per acre of land in Iowa, as equalized by the State board this grade ore.

Although the great crops of the Middle over \$5,250,000 worth of high grade ore.

Although the great crops of the Middle over \$6,250,000 worth of high grade ore.

—Peoria's new corn-sugar factory is to be an immense affair, the dimensions of the building being 104 by 293 feet, and seven stories high. It will require 370,000 bricks in building, and is expected to consume 6,000 bushels of corn daily, employing 250 men.
—Reports received at Washington from the United States consul at Manchester, are to the effect that the estimates of the Euro-

year, will reach about 6,000,000 bushels.

—At Terre Haute, Ind., about 100 coopers are on a strike for an advance in rates per en short of the facts. In England the de-

are on a strike for an advance in races polybliological product of the coal mines of the world is about 285,368,370 tons annually, of which amount the United States produces about 60,000,000.

mand for meat and gradient of Can—The exports from Great Britain to Can—advantage of the world is about 285,368,370 tons annually, of which amount the United States produces about 60,000,000.

The degree of cattle in Prussia and the comparison of the loss of cattle in Prussia and the comparison with the same period last year. This decrease is attributed to the effects of the coal mines of the coal mines of the world is about 285,368,370 tons annually, of which amount the United States produces about 60,000,000.

ernment. -The staves which are so largely exported from Boston to the Mediterranean and to England are white oak. Sugar barrels are also made from elm, and in New York are being made of a single piece, cut out for the purpose. The oak staves come from the West,

largely from Michigan. —According to the New York Public, the clearings in the leading cities of the country for the week ending August 10, were more

than 40 per cent. greater than for the corresponding period last year, and indicate a larger business doing than at any previous period in the history of the country.

—The Arctic Ice Company of Boston are now turning out between ten and twelve thousand lbs of ice per day, which they are under contract to deliver at half a cent per lb. The process employed by the company is said to be the cheapest known to science at the present day. The cost of manufacturing is only 85 cents a ton, or about four cents and a quarter a hundred lbs.

SUMMER PORK PACKING.

There is not much change to note for the There is not much change to note for the past week in packing operations at the West, the total number of hogs packed at the several points being about 70,000 head, against 60,000 the preceding week, and 75,000 during corresponding time last year; the total since March 1 now reaching 2,370,000, against 2,225,000 last year, an increase of 145,000. The quality of hogs now being marketed is generally good. Prices of hogs have been well maintained in most of the markets. At current values farmers do not seem inclined to I think there are some crops superior to any rent values farmers do not seem inclined to market their hogs freely, and packing operations seem likely to continue restricted for a are very few poor crops to be seen. A few, tions seem likely to continue restricted for a are very few poor crops to be seen. A few, while yet, though an increase may be looked for next month. for next month.

of American hops.

—The number of immigrants landed at of events now seems in the direction of a tic demand is well maintained. The course

"nerve" apparent yet in the trade.

Special reports to the Cincinnati Price Current show the number of hogs packed at the 74,139 the previous year.

—Our exports of beer are steadily increasing. In 1870 the exports of bottled beer were pared with same time last year, as follows: undermentioned places since March 1, com-

Aug. 13—	1879.	1878.
Aug. 13— Cincinnati	100,000	89,000
Chicago1,		1,355,000
St. Louis	203,000	100,000
Indianapolis	173,200	218,000
Cleveland	180,811	141,714
Cedar Rapids	72,272	127,633
Kansas City		65,000
Des Moines	41,000	12,000
Other places approximately	245,000	115,000
Total	271 002	0 000 047

-Cincinnati Price Current.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS.

If, as now seems probable, we shall receive considerable gold from Europe, in payment of food, raw materials, etc., this will be a direct addition to the bankable resources of the proceed to sink a shaft.

—On August 1 the lumber dealers of Chicago had on hand 337,328,206 feet of lumber and timber, 166,326,750 pieces of shingles, 30,986,765 pieces of lath, 997,213 feet of pickets, and 332,456 pieces of cedar posts.

—The quantity of wheat exported from the United States has increased from 12,646,941 bushels in 1866-67 to 93,139,269 bushels in 1877-78. The exports for the current year it is expected will reach 100,000,000 bushels. resumption of special payments. That Great Britain, France, Germany, Holland, Belgium and other European nations will be large pur-

monopolized by our cousins over the sa.

American tiles are now produced which are not only superior to those of foreign manufacture, but are much less costly.

American tiles are now produced which are not only superior to those of foreign manufacture, but are much less costly. ufacture, but are much less costly.

—Secretary Evarts, by direction of the President, has sent letters to our ministers at Const. Pritein Corner and learn of the President Resident R

shall be paid in coin. The amount to be received from France, it is conceded, will be mainly in cash, as our imports thence are not likely to be materially increased. From hour under sail.

—The United States now has 81,841 miles of railway, while all of Europe has only 94,000 miles. Thus while the population of Europe is nearly eight times as great as ours, the excess of railroad mileage is not much over 10 per cent.

shall be paid in coin. The amount to be received from France, it is conceded, will be mainly in cash, as our imports thence are not likely to be materially increased. From Great Britain it is not probable that we shall take any great increase of manufactures. In the first place, our people are still economical; and, in the second place, many of our own manufactures are taking precedence of foreign productions.

Taking the testimony of experts and un-

Taking the testimony of experts, and un--According to present appearances this year's crop of wheat will show a deficiency of about 225,000,000 bushels. The United States,

Russia, Roumania, Canada, Australia and the basis of our prosperity. This interest is India will have a sufficient surplus to make increasing with astonishing rapidity, and with it railroad construction and productive enter-prises go hand in hand. Notwithstanding the low rates of transportation, the well conducted railroads are making money, the net earnings of the leading lines being larger thus far

—According to the Leadville Chronicle, the total yield of the carbonate camp to date has been \$9,401,283. In addition to the product of the smelters there has been shorn about 100 clouds economy, supplemented by natural and in the product of the smelters there has been shorn about 100 clouds economy, supplemented by natural and in the product of the smelters there has been shorn about 100 clouds economy, supplemented by natural and in the product of the smelters there has been shorn about 100 clouds economy, supplemented by natural and in the part of wisdom to look for an immediate flood. That will come in due time, but only from unflagging enterprise and judicious economy, supplemented by natural and in the part of wisdom to look for an immediate flood. That will come in due time, but only from unflagging enterprise and judicious economy, supplemented by natural and in the part of wisdom to look for an immediate flood.

—Although the great crops of the Middle and Western States are scarcely harvested, the demand for cars on the leading roads is already so great that there is difficulty in promptly meeting it. Another freight car famine is feared.

Received a security for the Middle has commanded 4(2) for cent. on pledge of miscellaneous securities and 3 per cent. on governments, while the discount rates have ranged from 3½ to 6 per cent.—New York Shipping and Commercial List, August 13.

TOBACCO CROP ITEMS.

—A correspondent from Custer to the Breckinridge News of the 13th says: The To-bacco crop is growing well, but there is quite

a small crop planted, and most of that late.

—The Glasgow (Barren county) Times of
the 14th says: "A heavy hail storm, a mile
wide, passed along the edge of Barren and
Metcalfe counties on the 7th, doing great
damage to Tobacco."

—The Paducah News Eddyville (Lyon county) correspondent of August 5 says: "Crops are booming. Tobacco worms are doing considerable damage in some portions of the county.

-The Green River Press correspondent from Oceola, Green county, August 11, says: Since the late rains Tobacco is looking much better. Something like one-third of a crop of Tobacco will be made, with a favorable season from this time on.

-The Elkton (Todd county) Register of the 14th, says: There are but few crops of Tobacco in our county which will make average crops. The whole crop of the county will not make more than two-thirds of an

average, if that much.

—The Maysville (Mason county) Bulletin, of the 14th, says: The farmers report the crop much improved by the late rains. The crop generally has been well worked and growing finely. A good crop seems pretty certain. Some cutting was begun in the Lewisburg neighborhood.

-The Paducah News Hinkleville corre spondent, August 3, says: Tobacco, perhaps for the first time during the season, actually needs a good rain of about two days' duration. A great many complain that it is not spreading as it should, nor half as it would with sufficient moisture. While it is true that the Tobacco crop would be better with good rains, it is equally true that it can stand a drought longer, and stand it with less dame. a drought longer, and stand it with less damage, than any other American plant. We have seen a field make good Tobacco when, late in the season, one unaccustomed to the culture and growth of Tobacco would suppose it to be almost entirely worthless. With anything like favorable seasons, there is an outcome in Tobacco unlike anything else cultivated in this country. In viewing the crop of this country I'am satisfied that it promises as well as any one I have ever seen. Indeed license before soliciting orders in that State.

—Some corn was recently brought into the office of the Iowa City Press, the stalk of which measured twelve feet eight inches in height. It was seven feet four inches to the first ear.

—The outlook this year for American hop growers is cheerful. The English crop is a partial failure, and it is estimated that that country will want from 50,000 to 75,000 bales of American hops.

To next month.

Recent rains in a large portion of the corn producing sections have maintained the generally improving and now quite encouraging outlook for the crop. In the provision market there was a weaker tone and declining tendencies early in the week, followed by a stronger feeling and a rally in values to a shade higher range to-day than a week ago.

The export movement continues to exceed corresponding time last year, and the domestic demand is well maintained. The course of American hops.

Ask for tickets via here as was ever made.

Value of Exports and Imports at New York.

The total value of merchandise exported from New York for the week ending Aug. 12 was \$6,979,850, against \$7,765,809 the previous

The following table shows the exports for corresponding periods since 1877:
1879. 1878. 1877.
For week..\$6,979,850 \$6,636,776 \$4,464,346 Prev.rep. 190,805,568 203,296,650 160,410,808

Jan. 1...\$197,785,418 209,933,426 164,875,154 IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

The following is a comparative table of imports at New York for the week and expired

portion of the year ending August 9:

1879. 1878. 1877.

For week.\$5,509,251 \$5,838,638 \$5,040,949

Prev.rep.183,757,727 169,725,908 203,474,093 Jan. 1...\$189,266,978 175,564,546 208,525,042

A MISSOURI woman keeps up a bar in her house for her husband to patronize, and in this way keeps him at home, besides getting all

THE SECRET KEY TO HEALTH .- The Science of Life, or Self Preservation, 300 pages. Price, only \$1. Contains fifty valuable prebushels in 1866-67 to 93,139,269 bushels in 1877-78. The exports for the current year it is expected will reach 100,000,000 bushels.

—The manufacture of tiles is no longer trade has been so largely in our favor, we have been paid to a very great extent in our monopolized by our cousins over the sea.

Our imports are indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of which is worth indeed increasing, but no scriptions, either one of the book. Illustrated sample sent on receipt of six cents for postage. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, 4 have been paid to a very great extent in our bushels.

Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass.

34-13t

Great Britain, Germany, and several lesser powers, protesting against their allowing subjects who are Mormons to leave for the United States.

—A Michigan man has lately built cars for a prairie road with an arrangement for disconnecting the gearing and running by wind commanded. But now, although the demand for our products will continue for the year to come quite as large as it was last year, there is not the same inclination to return our bonds. In two ways, then, shall we be paid. Either we shall purchase more goods abroad, or we shall be paid in coin. The amount to be received from France, it is conceded, will be PRESCRIPTION FREE.

BERRIES I LARGEST AND BEST.

ston's Favorite, Black Giant, Sharpless, and Queen of the
Market. Pomona Nursery. 100 acres devoted to small
fruits. Price-Listfree. Send 3c, stamp for colored illustrations and testimonials. Wm. Parry, Cinnamiuson, N. J.

CONDENSED TIME. Louisville & Gt. Southern RAILROAD LINE.

	June 1, 1879.	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Daily.	No. 5. Daily, Ex.Sund
Lv " " Ar	Louisville	12.05 p m 12.52 p m 1.35 p m 3.12 p m 3.24 p m	1.15 a m 2.10 a m	5.00 p m 5.15 p m 6.15 p m 7.00 p m 8.50 p m 9.05 p m 10.00 p m
"	Bowling Green Franklin, Ky Gallatin Nashville Nashville Franklin, Tenn Columbia Pulaski Athens, Ala Decatur Cullman's Blount Springs Birmingham Calera Elmore Montgomery	6.25 p m 7.35 p m 7.35 p m 8.55 p m 10.01 p m 11.20 p m 12.16 a m 12.50 a m 1.00 a m 3.04 a m 4.30 a m 5.40 a m 5.40 a m	5.35 a m 6.23 a m 7.25 a m 8.40 a m 9 00 a m 12.01 p m 2.25 p m 5.00 p m 10.55 a m	No. 5.
u u u u u u u u a a a a a a a	Bowling Green† Russellville Guthrie Clarksville Erin Tenn. River Paris McKenzie Milan Humboldt Memphis Daily except Sunde	4.45 p m 6.10 p m 7.25 p m 7.57 p m 9.20 p m 9.57 p m 11.05 p m 12.01 a m 12.55 a m 1.30 a m 5.30 a m	5.30 a m 6.35 a m 7.22 a m 7.55 a m 9.20 a m 9.54 a m 11.00 a m 1.00 p m 1.35 p m	Daily. 10.30 p m 12.22 a m 1.43 a m 2.25 a m 4.42 a m 4.58 a m
	for information abo		and Tick	ets to all

points, and Emigrant Rates to Florida, Arkansas, Texas and Kansas, etc., address

C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Louisville Ky.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI SHORT-LINE

RAILROAD.

THE QUICKEST, BEST AND ONLY ROUTE With which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars To Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Philadelphia,

EW YORK

And other Eastern Cities,

WITHOUT CHANGE

This is the only line running Pullman South ern Sleeping Cars from New Orleans, Mobile, Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Grenada, Deca-tur, Jackson, Tenn., and Nashville to Cincin-

This is the only Line running its entire trains between Louisville and Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities (not in through Sleeping Cars) can avoid a tedious haul through the city of Louisville by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & Gt. S. R. R., three miles south of the city,

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA Louisville and Cincinnati Short Line. NO OTHER LINE CAN EQUAL IT.

S. S. PARKER, Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent. JOHN MAC LEOD,

Gen'l Supt, Louisville, Kentucky.

Paducah & Elizabethtown R. R. Co. In Effect August 17, 1879.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Leave	Elizabethtown		7.50	am
	- 66 -	Louisville		5.40	am
	66	Cecilia			
	66	Nortonville		1.45	pm
	66	Princeton		3.05	pm
	Arrive	Paducah			
	66	Hopkinsville		2.30	pm
	66	Nashville		6.50	pm
ı	66	Henderson			
	66	Owensboro		5.00	pm
		TRAINS GOING EAST.			
	T				
		Paducah			
	66	Princeton		11.48	am
	66	Nashville			
	66	Hopkinsville		12.29	pm
	66	Henderson		10.10	am
	66	Nortonville		1.45	pm
	66	Owensboro		8.30	am
	Arrive	Cecilia		6.37	pm
	66	Louisville		8.55	pm
	66	Flizabethtown		6 55	nm
		Elizabethtown		0.55	РІН
		ns run daily.			
	Trai	ns make close connection	ns	betw	een
	Louisy	ille and Cecilia.			

A. ANDERSON, Gen'l Manager. ELIZABETHTOWN, KY.

Miller's Tick Destroyer EFFECTUALLY DESTROYS

TICKS AND OTHER VERMIN ON SHEEP Enabling the animal to thrive and increasing

the growth and luster of the wool. One Box Sufficient for Twenty Sheep. THE DESTROYER is a SURE CURE OF

Price by Express, not prepaid, 35 cents er box. Address
FARMERS' HOME JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky.

SCAB.



No one who is thoroughly regular in the bowels is half as liable to disease as he that is irreguar. He may be attacked by contagious diseases, and so may the irregular, but he is not nearly as subject to butside influences. The use of

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient

secures regularity, and consequent immunity from sickness. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 34-2t

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

pectations of a suggested of the aliments for which I recommend it, that of the aliments for which I recommend it, that and sell it under A POSITIVE GUARANTEE, conditions, see pamphlet wrapping bottle.) of the aliments for wine I recommend it. mat i oner and sell it under A POSITIVE GUARANTEE. (For conditions, see pamphlet wrapping bottle.)

The following are among those diseases in which my Favorite Prescription has worked cures, as if by marke, and with a certainty never before attained by any medicine: Leucorrhea, Excessive Flowing, Painful Monthly Periods, Suppressions when from unnatural causes, Irregularities, Weak Back, Proapsus, or Falling of the Uterus, Anteversion and Retroversion, Bearing-down Sensations, Internal Heat, Nervous Depression, Debility, Despondency, Threatened Miscarriage, Chronic Congestion, Infammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, Impotency, Barrenness, or Sterility, and Female Weakness. Id on not extol this medicine as a "cure-all," but it admirably fulfills a singlences of purpose, being a most perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of woman. It will not disappoint, nor will it do harm, in any state or condition.

Those who desire further information on these sub-lects can obtain it in THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book of over 900 pages, sent, post-paid, on receipt of \$1.50. It treats minutely of those diseases peculiar to Females, and gives much valuable advice in regard to the management of those affections.

Favorite Prescription sold by Druggista.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.



ALO AND LOND (Successors to R. V. PIERCE, M. D.) (Successors to R. V. PIERCE, M. D.)

DR. R. V. PIERCE, having acquired a world-wide reputation in the treatment of Chronic Diseases, resulting in a professional business far exceeding his individual ability to conduct, some years ago induced several medical gentlemen to associate themselves with him, as the Faculty of the World's Dispensary, the Consulting Department of which has since been merged with the INVALIDS HOTEL. The organization has been completed and incorporated under the name and style of World's Dispensary Medical Association, with the following officers: Hon. R. V. PIERCE, Pres. F. D. PIERCE, V. Pres. JNO. E. PIERCE, Sec. LESTER B. SMITH, Treas. NINE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS of emi-

nence and skill have been chosen as the Faculty.

CHRONIC DISEASES of all forms come within the province of our several specialties.

LUNG DISEASES.—This division of practice is very ably managed by a gentleman of mature judgment and skill. Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Diseases treated with the most successful results.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—Especially are our facilities of a superior order for the cure of all those chronic diseases peculiar to females. chronic diseases peculiar to lemaies.

NERVOUS DISEASES.—Paralysis, Nervous Debiltty, Epilepsy (Fits), Chorea (St. Vitus's Dance), Neucaloda, and other nervous affections, receive the ttention of an expert in this specialty.

NOT NECESSARY TO SEE PATIENTS.—By our

of diagnosis, we can treat many NOT NECESSARY TO SEE PATIENTS.—By our original system of diagnosis, we can treat many chronic diseases as successfully without as with a personal consultation. For particulars see "People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" (1,000 pages, sent post-paid for \$1.50) or "Invalids' and Tourists' Guide Book" (100 pages, 10 cents post-paid).

**BURCHCAL CASES.—Among the operations which we are called upon most frequently to perform, are those for Nasal Polypus, Harelip, Tumors, Fistula 'n Ano, Piles, Hernia (Rupture), Hydroceie (Propsy of the Scrotum), Varicoceie, Ovarian and Uterina Tumors, Calculi (Stone in the Bladder), Stricture, etc., etc. & we also treat successfully, by a new method without surgical operation, Cancers, Club-feet, Spinal Curvature, and other deformities. (See pamphlet entitled, "Motion as a Curative Agent," sent on receipt of 10 cents.)

Address, World's Dispassary Medical Association.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

nn receipt of 10 cents.)
Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association,
BUFFALO, N. Y

Gray's Specific Medicine



THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., o. 10 Mechanic's Block, DETROIT, MICH. ARTHUR PETER & CO., Wholesale Ag'ts.

EMPLOYMENT FOR LADIES OR MEN.
\$50 to \$100 PER MONTH easily made selling
Mrs. Julia McNair Wright's New Book entitled
The COMPLETE HOME
The Morels Health Beauty Work American orais, Health, Beauty, Work, Amusements, Mem-oney, Savings, and Spendings are all clearly dealt fascinating style, full of anecdote and wit. For full description and extra terms, address

J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

KENDALL'S This remarkable medicine will cure

Spavins, Splint, Curb, Callous, etc., or any enlargement, AND WILL REMOVE THE BUNCH WITH
SPAVIN OUT BLISTERING or causing a sore. No remedy ever discovered equals it for certainty of action in stopping the lameness and removing the bunch. Price

TIVE PROOF. Sold by J. W. MORRILL & CO., 315 Main street, Louisville, Ky., or sent to any address by the inventor, B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. 15-cow-ryr

TOBACCO

DEPARTMENT.

We request short letters or postal cards from planters in reference to the condition of the growing Tobacco crop. Address Tobacco Department Farmers' Home Journal, Louisville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE, AUG. 21, 1879.

LOOK ON THIS PICTURE,

"There were some men in our town, And they were wondrous wise; They jumped into a bramble bush, And scratched out all their eyes." And this is the way they did it:

"Whereas, the proprietors of the tobacco warehouses of Louisville have, after consultation with our committee, declined to make any change in the present fees as charged to

"Therefore, we, the undersigned, hereby agree on and after the first Tuesday in May, 1879, not to buy any Tobacco at auction or private sale, directly or indirectly, from any of

"That the present fee of \$2 per hhd, with four months' free storage, as charged to the buyer, be changed to \$1.25 per hhd with one "The scepter hath departed from Judah." month free storage; and that 25c per hhd per month be the uniform charge for storage there-

RAIDY & WOOD. L. P. N. LANDRUM. WM. G. MEIER & CO. KERBERG & RATTER-W. T. GRANT & Co. G. VAUGHAN & Co. J. S. BOCKEE M. B. NASH. . S. BOCKEE & Co. W. S. MATHEWS. TAMES CLARK.

MAN. FRAYSER & CAMPBELL. FRED. F. TARWATER. PETER SPETH. JAMES F. CALLOWAY. RICHARD M. LEWIS. J. S. THOMPSON.
J. F. SMITH. THEO. SCHWARTZ&CO. JOHN J. BONIFACE. F. W. GERDING & CO. SAMUEL MCPHERSON. J. M. GILBERT, JR.

NEVILLE & NESBIT.

R. J. LANDRUM.

L. FRANCKE. ALFRED T. HARRIS, JR. WM. LINDSAY. THEO. SCHWARTZ, JR. WM. McEWEN & Co. KREMELBERG & CO. DAVID HAMILTON. WM. P. JOHNSON."

AND THEN ON THIS:

"But when they saw what they had done, With all their might and main They jumped into another bush And scratched them in again."

And this is the way they propose to do

LOUISVILLE CHANCERY COURT—M. B. Nash,

&c., vs. Page & Co.:

By order of the Louisville Chancery Court, you are hereby enjoined and restrained, until the further order of this court, from excluding the plaintiffs, M. B. Nash, Theodore Schwartz & Co., Columbus Brockenbrough, J. S. Bockee & Co., Musselman & Co., W. S. Mathews, Neville & Nesb't, R. M. Lewis, Frayser & Campbell, W. G. Meier & Co., Raidy & Wood, F. W. Gerding, W. T. Grant & Co., Alex. Harthill, John Kerberg, J. M. Gilbert, J. S. Willet, Kremelberg & Co., J. P. Vaughan & Co., Peter Speth, J. S. Thompson, William Lindsay, C. E. Samuelson & Co., W. H. Bryarly, L. P. N. Landrum, J. F. Smith and James Clark, or any of them, from the sales of tobacco at your warehouses; you are hereby enjoined and restrained, until from the sales of tobacco at your warehouses; and are enjoined and restrained until the further order of this court from refusing the bids of the said plaintiffs or any of them at the tobacco sales made by you, or your agents or servants; and you are hereby enjoined and restrained, until the further order of this court, from refusing to permit the plaintiffs or any of them to become purchasers at such sales, when they or any of them are the highest bidders, and from refusing to accept the plaintiffs as such purchasers, upon the payment by them of such fees as you charge other buyers at such sales. Witness my hand as clerk of the court aforesaid, this 10th day of July, 1879. S. F. CHIPLEY, Clerk of Louisville Chancery Court.

THE DEMAND AND THE IN-JUNCTION.

Let farmers and shippers carefully read the two pictures, and see if they can detect in the legal proceedings of the seceding buyers a disposition to further their interest in any manner whatever.

As the names of both the proprietors of the new warehouse are attached to the demand are certainly no lower, whilst there has been to the resolution not to attend any more of ferings, and a greater decline in receipts. The their sales until their demands were complied crop of 1878 is now nearly all in. Buyers may their sales until their demands were complied with, but one inference is left, namely, that this is a seceders' warehouse, established in selves accordingly. Reports from the growing selves accordingly. Reports from the growing selves accordingly. this is a seceders' warehouse, established in their interest, that is, the interest of the seceding buyers, and managed to effect their barely reach half an average. The quality will barely reach nalf an average. We leave it to the intelligent ship-depend on the season from this time forward. purposes. We leave it to the intelligent shipper to make a note of this fact.

HOW VERY MODEST!

The "Buyers' Union" claim to be the purthis market. This is, with them, a trump card sales of yesterday, August 19. -their "right bower"-and they "lead" it on all occasions. They shout it from the hill tops and sing it in the valleys. In their circutheir arguments before the court. And they and will have to fall a snake or two. of it.

And the stranger, to witness the air with which one of them, especially, "shoots off his mouth" and jumps a bid (may be his own) the soul."

Try it. "An honest confession is good for the soul." a dollar or so, and casting his eyes around GEN. WILLIAMS and A. W. Hamilton over the crowd, then an upward glance at the proprietor of the warehouse, with the remark, "That's the kind of a clothespin I am—that's is the crop of forty acres. the way we seceders do"-would, no doubt, THE Sunday law in Texas has proven a think what a bully set of fellows these are, failure all over the State.

to be sure, and what would become of the LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. trade if one of them should lay him down and die, or pull up stakes and leave here. And then, if all of them should leave, oh, dread-

had begun to possess our mind, and we trembled lest some of them might get mad and quit, and we said to ourselves, "up goes this market."

But our readers must bear in mind these thoughts and fearful forebodings were based on the "four-fifths" proposition, and we confided these fears to some of our friends among the Board of Trade members, who said: "Not one word of truth in it"—"they don't buy four-fifths or even two-thirds, even three-fifths—and we doubt whether they now buy a majority of the tobacco sold here." time has been when their proposition was nearer correct, but times have changed. Some of these men who once bought thousands of hhds are now satisfied with orders for a few hundred; have lost the ability to buy on their own account, and, to a great extent. lost the trade they once had as brokers. New men have come in, whose business is daily on the increase—whilst some of these seceders are as private sale, directly or indirectly, from any said warehouses until they concede to us the changes in buyers' fees respectfully asked of is not true, and if anyone wants to bet on it, send him to me." And we were satisfied.

THE INJUNCTION

Will be decided within a very few days. On Friday last, the day set for the trial, it was called up, and the case presented by Mr. Dembitz, for the seceders, who was followed by Mr. Roberts, for the warehousemen. On Saturday Messrs. Bijur and Burnet spoke for plaintiffs, and on Monday Judge Joshua F. Bullitt, in one of the ablest, fairest and most argumentative speeches to which we've ever listened-presented the case in behalf of the defendants. This was pronounced by all who heard it, one of the most powerful and exhaustive of arguments, and covered the whole ground, free from everything like clap-trap, it embraces a fair and honest statement of law and facts, and so impressed the audience. We will try to present it to our readers in the next issue of our paper.

Mr. Davie, for the seceders, followed in a most carefully prepared and labored effort. He concluded on Tuesday, and was followed by Hon. Isaac Caldwell on Wednesday, who spoke in behalf of the warehousemen, and closed the case, which was then taken by his Honor, Judge Beattie, for final consideration. We may expect a decision in few days.

BLACK WRAPPER—AN INTEREST-ING CORRESPONDENCE.

The following correspondence, which we find in the Clarksville Tobacco Leaf, will be of interest to Tobacco growers and dealers, especially the former. Mr. W. L. P. writes from Port Royal, Tenn., to Colonel M. H. Clark, of Clarksville, making this inquiry:

progressive tobacco culture, if you tell me the cause of the sudden toppling down in the price of black wrappers on your market. I wish to know the "whys and wherefores" about it. The same may be said of the Louisville market—in fact, all Western markets. Is it because there is less demand for them? or is it because the high prices, formerly ruling for them, stimulated production beyond consump-A prompt reply to the above queries will oblige.

To which the following reply was given. It is brief but to the point:

people no longer make them. We have only seen three hhds in the past month, which we bought at \$12.25, \$12.25, \$13.25. Hard firing does not make black wrappers, but dead ripeness. Our people now cut three-fourths ripe, and kill the leaf a dead green by quick firing. We have just spoken to our people on the subject. Truly your friend, M. H. CLARK.

THE MARKET.

Since our last issue, but little if any change has taken place in our tobacco market. Prices made on the Board of Trade warehouses, and a perceptible falling off in the size of the of- \$4 selves accordingly. Reports from the growing crop are somewhat conflicting, but enough is ascertained to convince us that, in size, it will During the past week we have been blessed with plentiful rains (which appear to have been general), but at the same time the weather has been remarkably cool and useasonable, and not at all favorable to the growing of the weed. Below we give transactions chasers of four-fifths of the Tobacco sold on for the week ending August 16, together with

A MISTAKE.

We are all, more or less, inclined to overlars, proclamations, manifestoes, petitions and estimate our own importance, and undervalue injunctions, their one great boast is that "we," our neighbor's. In this way the seceders fell yes, we, "the thirty-some-odd, whose names into the error we have exposed in another yes, we, "the thirty-some-odd, whose names are hereunto subscribed," are the power that moves and controls the Tobacco trade of the moves and controls the Tobacco trade of the conscientious and truthful, and wouldn't deverage or mislead others—unless themselves themselves are thirty-some-odd, whose names are the power that column. The majority of them are clever, dent says: "I had five acres last year; this year only two; not more than one-third of a crop planted." city of Louisville, if not of these whole Unit- ceive or mislead others-unless themselves ed States, and, indeed, of the world. Their misled. Being too credulous, they relied on lawyers, even, give this fact (?) prominence in the bare assertion of some of their associates. But, be this as it may, they claim too much, (the lawyers), no doubt, believe every word don't ask them to come down from their high horse "all at once," but suggest they try threefifths awhile; then, gradually, come along down until the true figures are given.

average crop, provided the weather is entirely suited from now on.

L. B."

Below is report of transactions for the week ending August 16. The sales reported by the regular warehouses in the week just closed Now, to be candid, this frightful thought and the expired portion of the current month

nd ye	ar, were (in hhds) as	follows:	
	Week.	Month.	Year.
Totals	18791,371	2,921	36,944
Totals	18781,881	4,169	49,448
Cota's	18771,376	3,488	40,641
Totals	18761,586	4,719	43,738
TI	1 11	1 1	

The sales during the week and year were

subdivided as follows:			
For week—	New.	Old.	Total.
Original	1,122	77	1,199
Review	155	17	172
Total for week	1,277	94	1,371
Original			29,988 6,956

The receipts were 1,375 hhds, against 1,575 last week, and 1,750 for the week before.

The sales of new crop to date amount to

22,333 hhds, against 45,106 in the corresponding period last year.
We quote as follows, with the remark that packages not in sound order are about 50c

per cental lower:

	per cental lower:
١	Light. Heavy.
Į	Trash\$3 00@ 3 50 \$
	Common lugs 4 25@ 4 50
1	Med. to good lugs 4 25@ 5 25
	Common leaf 5 25@ 6 25 5 00@6 50
	Medium leaf 6 25@ 7 50 6 50@7 00
	Fair to good leaf 7 00@ 8 00
	Export selections 8 00(a)10 00
	Med. to good wrap.10 00@12 00
	Good to fine wrap13 00@15 00
ı	Fancy br't wrap Nominal
	COLORY.
	Common lugs\$8 co@ 9 00
	Good lugs10 00@12 00
	Common to medium leaf12 00@14 00
	Medium to good leaf14 00@16 00
١	Good to fine leaf
ı	Extra fine leaf
ı	Extra file leaf

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO SALES.

The sales of yesterday (Tuesday), at the various tobacco warehouses, aggregated 147 hhds, and were distributed as follows. The market was dull and irregular for non-

descript styles, but otherwise steady. PLANTERS' house sold 36 hhds: 9 hhds Mc-Lean county leaf and lugs at \$3.45@8; 8 hhds Logan county leaf and lugs at \$3.95@ 6.40; 4 hhds Metcalfe county leaf and lugs at \$3.90@7.90; 1 hhd Indiana common leaf at \$6.70; 1 hhd Daviess county common leaf at \$7.40; I hhd Meade county low lugs at \$3.35; hhd Barren county lugs at \$5; 2 hhds Hart county low leaf and lugs at \$5.40@5.70; 2 hhds Hardin county low leaf and lugs at \$5.05@6.50; I hhd Warren county lugs at

FALLS CITY house sold 20 hhds: 2 hhds Warren county leaf at \$5.60@8.30; 4 hhds leaf at \$5.10@5.60; 6 hhds diana lugs and trash at \$3.25@4.70; 2 hhds Hart county leaf at \$7@7.40; 2 hhds Hart Clark, of Clarksville, making this inquiry:
You will confer a favor on one interested in rogressive tobacco culture, if you tell me the ause of the sudden toppling down in the price large from the sudden toppling down in the s

KENTUCKY TOBACCO ASSOCIATION sold 17 hhds: 3 hhds Trimble county leaf and lugs at \$13.50@18; 2 hhds Barren county leaf at \$7.60@8.50; I hhd Barren county lugs at \$4.25; 2 hhds Meade county leaf and lugs at \$3.40@\$5.70; 2 hhds Indiana old leaf and lugs at \$3.10@5.50; 4 hhds Warrick county (Ind.) leaf and lugs at \$4.007.50; 1 hhd Taylor county lugs at \$4.90; 2 hhds factory leaf

and lugs at \$3.15@495.

FARMERS' house sold 13 hhds: 3 hhds Barleaf at \$5.50@7 Black wrappers have not declined. Our county leaf at \$5.50@6.20; 2 hhds Metcalfe county common leaf at \$4.75@5.95; 3 hhds Metcalf county lugs at \$3.60@3.95; 2 hhds Henry county trash at \$3@4.65.

GILBERT house sold 20 hhds: 3 hhds Henry county (Tenn.) lugs and common leaf at \$3.30 @5.50; 3 hhds Weakley county (Tenn.) lugs and common leaf at \$3.75@5.95; 2 hhds Crittenden county trash at \$3@3.30; 8 hhds Logan county lugs and common leaf at \$3.55 @5.80; 4 hhds Calloway county common and

medium leaf at \$5.05@7.20.

PICKETT house sold 9 hhds: 2 hhds Carroll county leaf at \$15@16.50; 3 hhds Trigg county leaf at \$5,70@8.25; 3 hhds Ballard county leaf at \$5,80@6 80; 1 hhd Tennessee lugs at

PIKE house sold 21 hhds: 7 hhds Graves ounty medium to common leaf at \$5.40@7

LOUISVILLE house sold II hhds: I hhd low leaf at \$6.10; 5 hhds Missouri low leaf and lugs at \$3.45@4.80; 1 hhd Christian county low leaf at \$6; 4 hhds Tennessee leaf and rugs at \$3.50@6.30.

NOTES FROM THE TOBACCO CROP.

BUTLER COUNTY, KY .- A writer says that "prospects are not so good as last year.

PLEASANT RIDGE, DAVIESS COUNTY. - A writer says: "Prospects gloomy—showers partial. Dullest prospect since 1874."

GREEN COUNTY, IND.—A correspondent writes: "No tobacco raised here. If there are three acres in this neighborhood, I don't

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY .- A correspon-LONG FALLS, MCLEAN COUNTY, KY .- A

correspondent says: "The crop will not be half as good in quality as last year, with a smaller acreage.'

FROM Huntingburgh, Dubois county, Ind. Aug. 14: "We will have about half of an

TABERNACLE, TODD COUNTY .- A correspondent gives us the names of twenty-nine of the planters in his section who, in 1878, raised in the aggregate) 3161/2 acres. The same

planted this year 133 acres. letter says: "The crop in this section very poor, not more than two-thirds of an average to choice, 3\\\4\\@4\\\2c. planted, and that is suffering for rain. There LAMBS-3@41/2c per lb.

is but one good crop in the neighborhood. What is planted will not yield more than half the number of lbs it should."

YELVINGTON, DAVIESS COUNTY, KY .- A correspondent writes: "In this neighborhood there is about one-half as much planted this year as last. I raised last year 15 acres—this year, 8; two-thirds of the crop is late.

FROM Corydon, Ky., Aug. 15: "My crop of Tobacco is not looking as well as I expected to see it on my return. We are needing a good rain, as the ground has not been thoroughly wet since last spring. J. R. W."

FREDONIA, CALDWELL COUNTY, KY. - A correspondent says: "I raised this year ten acres; last year, fifteen acres. My crop looks well, and is as good as common. Don't think there will be more than half a crop raised in my neighborhood.' SALEM, TENN. - From a correspondent

"The crop in this section will be extremely short, not more than a tenth. People demoralized on account of low prices, and could not Aggregate for year....23,942 13,002 36,944 have planted a crop (on account of drought) even if they had wished."

A FARMER in Ohio county writes: "Crop prospects more gloomy than I ever knew them. Cool nights and dry weather. Ten farmers report planted, this year, 28½ acres, against 38 in 1878, which will not yield as much in proportion, by far, as last. Looks worse than I ever saw it at this season."

FROM Cane Valley, Ky., Aug. 15: "I have been through Green and a portion of Taylor and this county (Larue), since the 6th inst. The Tobacco crop in these counties is very short. This county will hardly grow a quarter crop. The most of the growing crop is late, and in danger of early frost.

THE Hawesville Plaindealer says: In a travel of over thirty miles, last week, we saw only a few promising crops of tobacco. Much of the weed is yet small and unhealthy. From the outlook, we do not relieve a half of a crop can possibly be made in this section. Corn, with some more good rains, will be good, rather over an average.

TOBACCO FACTORY BURNED.

Mr. Jo. Warfield's fine tobacco factory, including 1,500 lbs of his best tobacco, a considerable amount of wheat and farm machinery, was totally destroyed by fire on the 8th inst. Loss, \$2.500. There is no accounting for the fire, whether by accident or incendiary. It is possible that some of the hands may have dropped the stub of a cigar or dropped a spark from a pipe. In no other way could the fire have occurred accidently, as no fire had been near the barn, and Mr. Warfield does not know that he has an enemy who would do him the least harm. Mr. Warfield lives near Port Royal, in this county. He is an energetic farmer and a good citizen, engaged to some extent in buying and handling tobacco. He shares the sympathy of the whole community in his misfortune.—Clarksville Tobacco Leaf.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

Office Farmers' Home Journal, Louisville, Ky., August 21, 1879. } Butter—Common to choice, from 10@15c;

creamery, 22@23c. COTTON—Middling, 12½c; low middling, 121/4c; good ordinary, 12c.

Coffee—Rio 101/2 @ 11e for common, 14@ 15c for good, 15@16½c for prime, 16½@17c for choice, and 19@20c for fancy; old Govern-

ment Java 20 @ 26c. Eggs—IIc per dozen on arrival.

	FEATHERS — Prime goose, 43c; mixed	0	ts,
	25@30c.		
	FIELD SEEDS— Per bus	h	el.
	Sapling clover\$5	5	00
	Red clover	1	75
	Timothy	(90
	Red top, in sacks		60
1	Orchard grass80@ 1	(IO
1	Cleaned Bluegrass		60
	Extra Bluegrass		75
1	Seed rye		65
1	White onion sets		
1	Yellow onion sets	3	00
1	Sacks, except for red top and orchard gr	a	SS.
	charged extra.		
ı	FLOUR - Choice fancy \$5 5000600: n	10	in

fancy \$5.00@5.25; A No. 1, \$4.50@5.00 extra family, \$3.50@4.00; extra, \$3@3.25. GRAIN—Wheat, 90@92c. Corn, 44@45c for ear; 39c for shelled mixed and white on track. Oats, No. 2 mixed 26 1/2 @ 28c per bushel, as to grade, in bulk. on track or levee. Barley,

80@90c. Rye, 57½c. HAY—Common to medium,\$13@15; good to choice, \$17@18.

HIDES AND SKINS-Prime flint, 15c; dry flint, damaged, 12c; prime dry salted, 12c dry salted, damaged, 10½c; prime green-salted, 7½c; green-salted, damaged, 6c; green, 6½c;

sheepskins, 45@50c.
OILS—Linseed oil, 65@70c; coal oil, 110° test 91/2c, 130° test 101/2c.

ONIONS—\$2.25@2.50 per bbl.
POULTRY—Chickens \$1.75 per dozen for large, 75c@\$1.50 for small.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, \$1.50 per bbl. Sugars — Refined, granulated, at 9@ 9\(\frac{1}{2}\)c; crushed and powdered at 9\(\frac{1}{2}\)c; cut loaf, 934c; A coffee, 8½c; B coffee sugar 8½c; extra C, 8c; C yellow, 734c, standard brands: New Orleans, 7@73/4c for common

STARCH—23/4@3c per 1b.

TALLOW—6¼ c.
Wool—Medium to good, 24@27c; black, 20@23c; washed, 35@37c

LOUISVILLE LIVE STOCK MARKET. CATTLE—Extra shippers \$4.00@4.40; extra butcher, \$3.50.@4.00; fair to good, \$3.00@ 3.50; common, \$2.25@2.75; rough, \$1.50@2. Hogs—\$3.60@3.80, best grade; common to fair, \$3.50@3.60 per 100 lbs gross; light,

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Extra sheep, \$3.25@ 3.75; stock sheep, \$2.50@3.75; Lambs, \$4.00 per cwt for best; \$3.00@3.50 for common.

CINCINNATI LIVE STOCK MARKETS. CATTLE — Common, 1½ @2c; fair to medium, 2½ @3c; good to choice butcher grades 3¾ @4c; fair to good shippers, 4@4¾ c; jan 301y

SHAW & CO.

Augusta, Maine. air to good heavy oxen, 23/4 @31/20

lanters in his section who, in 1878, raised in the aggregate) 316½ acres. The same lanted this year 133 acres.

YELVINGTON, DAVIESS COUNTY, KY.—A etter says: "The crop in this section very the crop in this section very section

STOCK SALES.

KIDD'S

Will be held at the Fair Grounds, Lexington, Ky., commencing on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1879, at which time 200 head of Horses, 30 Shorthorns, 40 Jerseys (gilt edge) and 200 Cotswold and Southdown Sheep will be sold, representing the best herds and flocks on Kentucky soil. Twenty head of one and two year old Southdown Rams, bred by A. J. Alexander, will be sold.

year old Southdown kams, bred by A. J. Alexander, will be sold.

**RED The Horses will be sold on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, September 9 and 10, and Cattle and Sheep on THURSDAY, September 11. Those in want of Trotters, Buggy Horses, Roadsters, Stallions, Brood Mares, Saddle Horses, Colts and Fillies of the most choice breeding and promise, as well as Shorthorns, Jerseys and Sheep, will do well to be on hand. Many of the Horses, Jerseys and Sheep, in the Catalogue have been winners at the great Fairs in Kentucky. Terms, cash. For Catalogues address PHIL. C. KIDD, Lexington, Ky.

PUBLIC SALE of RAMS W. L. Waddy & Sons

AUGUST 26, 1879. Ninth meeting "Kentucky Wool Growers' Association" same day. Shelby County Agricultural and Mechanical Fair begins same day. All will be held on the Shelby county fair grounds, near Shelbyville, Tuesday, August 26, 1879. Send for catalogue.

W. L. WADDY & SONS. Capt. P. C. Kidd, Auctioneer.

J. N. ROBSON & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

68 EAST BAY, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Having a business experience of twenty years, and confining themselves strictly to a COMMISSION BUSINESS, without operating on their account, respectfully solicit consignments of (30-3m)

Cotton, Flour, Corn, Wheat, Etc.



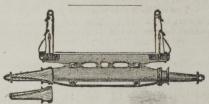
IMPROVED HOOSIER GRAIN DRILLS With and Without Fertilizer Attachment.

An Improved Hoe, open at the Heel, and a new devise for distributing Fertilizers.

Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine the HOOSIER, or send for discriptive circular.

HEWETT, FIELD & CO. AGENTS.

LOUISVILLE, KY.



Above cut shows the Axle of the "JACKSON" Farm Wagon, with the Truss or strengthening-rod attachment. With this rod each Axle is more than doubled in strength, Get a Jackson wagon and you will never be troubled with breakages. Prices, including spring seat and

Patent brake: 23-4 inch - - -3 inch - - - - - 75 00 3 1-4 inch - - - - - 78 00 3 1-2 inch - - - - 85 00 HEWETT, FIELD & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

FOR SALE! CASH



To close a consignment, one ten and one twelve-horse power, NEW, MOUNTED, PORTABLE ENGINES, just right for threshing, etc. Also several good SECOND HAND PORTABLE and STATIONARY ENGINES, from two to twenty-five horse power.

BARBAROUX & CO., 31 Third Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

TILDEN LADIE'S SEMINARY

WEST LEBANON, N. H. Have you daughters to educate? Send for the tri-nnial catalogue, recently published, to

HIRAM ORCUTT, A. M., Principal

STUMPS removed by "Horton's" process, without expense or labor.
WM. V. HORTON,
114 Nassau Street, N. Y

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.